The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,264 New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1888.

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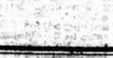
SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	FRIDAY.
M. I. PERIM	3800	600	P. Harris	30th Mar.
* ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	27th "
L. CLYDE	4121	300	E. M. Edmond ..	6th April.
M. L. MASILIA ..	4036	1000	J. S. Murray	13th "
SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigall...	13th "
L. GANGES	3468	600	E. Stewart.....	20th "
M. L. SUTLEJ	4191	800	W. D. Worcester.	27th "
ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne.	27th "
L. PESHAWUR..	3303	600	A. Wheler	4th May.
SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigall...	11th May.
L. SHANNON....	4189	800	C. R. Edwards...	18th "

ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	Tuesday 22nd May
L. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton ..	29th "
SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weigall..	5th June
L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	A. W. Adamson.	12th "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi and thence to London; and those marked B. M. L. to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

The Brindisi steamers will call at Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London, and the Brindisi Marseilles steamers at Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

* Passengers by this vessel change at Aden to steamer for Brindisi and London.

** Extra, with cargo and passengers for Aden only.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail train, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Car.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) the following dates:—March 24th, April 7th, and 21st.

And fortnightly thereafter.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, March 13, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
R. RUBATTINO..	5,000	800	..... 1st April	20th May.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	.....20th April	10th June.
MANILLA	5,000	800	.....10th May	1st July.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *viâ* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 301 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.		To sail.
BORMIDA	..	29th Mar. 1888.
BIS AGNO	..	21st April 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Mar. 19, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY[X] BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
MEDUSA	C. Sbutega ...	3,500	550	1st April.
TITANIA	M. Garofolich.	4,200	600	7th April.
IMPERATOR.....	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	1st May.
POSEIDON	S. Mersa.	4,600	650	7th May.
BERENICE	E. Perini	3,500	550	7th June.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE.

PANDORA	A. Trobitz	25th March.
ORION	G. Mattiazzi..	3,300 550 25th April.

A Surgeon and Steward as on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class. Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300 Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI.....	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
BERENICE.....	E. Perini.....	3,500	350	14th April.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 51, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, Feb. 21, 1888.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	Sailing date on or about
CLAN MACKENZIE	3,001	S. Barr	25th Mar. 1888.
*CLAN GRAHAM	3,003	C. Alexanderson	25th Apl. "

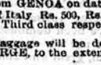
THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of passengers. The Saloon and cabins are all on the Upper Deck. A Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Passengers can be booked through to London (overland, from Marseilles) by these steamers, and passages are granted on favorable terms.

For particulars as to Cabins plans, passage money, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay, 13th March, 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

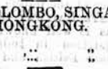
Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ASIA	J. Harris	3,530	480	4th April
BELGRAVIA..	G. Boothby	5000	500	19th "
HISPANIA	W. Marr	3380	480	5th May
PERSIA.....	R. Hutchinson..	3317	480	19th "
ARABIA	J. Laird	3344	480	31st "
VICTORIA	W. Russell.....	3357	480	16th June

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Co mfort for First-Class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, February 21, 1888. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.



BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
S.S. KIRBY HALL	G. Pearse	2703	301	12th Apr
S.S. ASTON HALL	J. A. Hill	3538	400	30th
S.S. WORSLEY HALL	J. Verrill	3132	400	15th May

These Steamers have accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

S.S. MERTON HALL ..J. Hughes	5000	500	27th Mar.
S.S. WERNETH HALL.A.H. McDougall	1600	500	17th May
S.S. RUFFORD HALL...W. J. Moffat	4000	550	30th

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade, and carry both Surgeon and Stewardess. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.

The fast, paired steamer has only recently been built, and is fitted with all the modern improvements including the electric light throughout saloon and cabins.

For farther particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, March 8, 1888.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 30th March, 1888, at noon, calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on MONDAY, 26th March (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "AFRICA," 2,032 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 29th March, at noon calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on or about MONDAY, the 16th April, at noon

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 11th April, at noon.

S.S. Kerbela 1978 " ..... on or about 9th May.

FOR MORMUGAO AND BACK TO BOMBAY, CALLING AT RUTNAGHERI, VINGORLA, MALWAN.

THE S.S. BUSHEER, 792 tons, will SAIL on SATURDAY, the 24th March, at noon, and will LEAVE MORMUGAO for Bombay on WEDNESDAY, the 28th March, at 5 p.m., or on arrival of the passenger train.

BOMBAY to MORMUGAO	First Class	Rs. 15 0
Do.	Second Class	" 7 8
Do.	Deck without diet	" 1 0

Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, March 24, 1888. Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

S.S. "BELGRAVIA," SAILING 19TH APRIL.

THIS well known and favourite passenger steamer of 5,000 tons will sail punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort for first-class passengers. Two and four berth rooms on deck. The refrigerating room ensures an unlimited supply of ice throughout the voyage.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, 19th March, 1888. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports.

Through Booking *via* Japan, America, Australia, &c.

Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE LARGEST VINEYARD PROPRIETORS AND BEST SCOTCH AND IRISH DISTILLERS have for a period of nearly *THREE-QUARTERS OF A CENTURY* been represented by us. We quote MESS and CLUB rates *FIVE PER CENT.* LOWER than those of other Shippers, so obviating the necessity of DIRECT IMPORTATION. Our experience and ENORMOUS PURCHASES enable us to offer special advantages.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
Rampart Row, Bombay.

PERRIER JOUET'S

"B." BRAND

RESERVE CUVEE, FINEST EXTRA DRY.

CHAMPAGNE.

Magnums, Rs. 120; Quarts, Rs. 60 & Pints, Rs. 32 per doz.

APPLY TO

LYON & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per 1 doz. quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Eugene Cliquot Extra	Rs. 54 0	...
Ernest Irroy & Carte d'Or	" 53 0	56 0
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal, Dry.....	" 62 0	Rs. 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	" 60 0	" 63 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. Pabstmann, Sohn, Mayence, SUPPLIERS TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

Lanbenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	" ...	" 19 0
Niersteiner	" 19 0	" 24 0
Leibfraenmilch	" 21 0	" ...
Steinwein	" 21 0	" ...
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 0	" 28 0
Rudesheimer	" 25 0	" ...
Marcobrunner	" 28 0	" 31 0
Johannisberger	" 35 0	" ...

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. Dupuille, Macau Medoc.

Sauterne	Rs. 20 0	...

PORT WINES.
From J. W. Burmester, Oporto.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0	...
Fine "	" 22 0	...
Very Superior "	" 26 0	...
Most Superior Old Red Port	" 30 0	...
Most Particular Reserved Old Red Port	" 36 0	...
Extra Old Pale Invalid	" 42 0	...

CLARETS.
From Messrs. H. & C. Balansegue, Bordeaux.

Chateau de Franda	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 15 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	...
Les Canons	" 16 0	18
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 18 0	...
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	...
Chateau Le Roo St. Estephe	" 21 0	...
From Mumier & Fils.		
Haut Canon	" 15 0	...
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	...
Chateau Larose	" 28 0	...
From A. Dupuille, Macau Medoc.		
Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
Cru de Barreyre	" 16 0	...
From J. Rommer & Sohn, Wien.		
Hungarian Claret	Rs. 15 0	...
Chateau Roemer	" 14 0	...
From Franz Schirvan.		
Carlowitz	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0
From Blundenburg Freres, Bordeaux.		
St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0

BRANDY.

H. Montroe's ***	Rs. 18 0	...
F. Deseandier & Co.'s * Brandy	Rs. 21 0	...
A. Doignon Fils & Co.	" 24 0	...
Cognac, Gold labels, Blue capsules ..	" 30 0	...
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 36 0	...
Charles Lecvoire very old Brandy ** ..	" 37 0	...

BURGUNDY.
From A. Dupille, Macau Medoc.

Volnay	Rs. 21 0	...
Chambertin	" 28 0	...

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky **	Rs. 24 8	...
" " " *	" 22 8	...

BEER.

	Per doz.	Per doz. pts.
Bass & Co's. Light Bitter Ale	Rs. 6 4	...
Bavarian Export Beer	Rs. 6 0	Rs. 3 8
Anton Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0
Marburg's Pilsener Beer	" 5 4	" 3 4

ITALIAN WINES.

Vino Barbera	14 0	...

SUNDRIES.

French Vermouth	Rs. 15 0	...
Italian do. Finest	" 18 0	...
Finest Rum	" 30 0	...
Chartreuse, Yellow	" 33 0	...

Swiss Cheese in tins from 10s. 3d to 31s. Re. 0 11 per lb.

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Re. a.
Danish Butter, finest ..... per 1 lb. tin	1 4
Italian Butter finest, extra quality .. ½ lb. tin at	0 9
½ do.	1 0
1 do.	1 6

From Hush, Barnewitz & Co., Wolfenbuttel.

	Per Large Tin	Per Small Tin.
	Re. ...	...
Asparagus	"	" 0 10
Celery	"	" 0 10
French Beans	"	" 0 10
Peas for Soup	"	" 0 10
Young Carrots	"	" 0 10
Spinage in Water	"	" 0 10
Mushrooms	"	" 0 11
White Cabbage	"	" 0 12
Small Sausages	"	" 1 6
Smoked Sausages	"	" 1 6

TERMS—

Net cash no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines, Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Quotation orders should be accompanied by a remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, not paid monthly.

VOLKART BROTHERS.
Marine Street.
Bombay, Feb. 24, 1888.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers with 8 pages Supplement of English news in addition to 16 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 16, including postage for the United Kingdom

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE POCKET TOOL CASE.

NO TRAVELLER SHOULD BE WITHOUT ONE.

THIS neat little Case contains Button Hook, Screw Driver, Gimlet, and Corkscrew, all made of Fine Steel and fitting into one handle; size, when closed, 3" × 1".

Price Rs. 5-4 each.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

LADIES' TRAVELLING COMPANIONS.

IN best quality Morocco Leather, fitted with Fine Scissors, Knife, Nail Trimmer, Stiletto, Crochet Hook, Cotton, Needles, Thimble, Wax, Court Plaster, Looking Glass in Lid, and Receptacle for Buttons, &c., &c.; size, when closed, 7½" × 5½" × 2".

Price, Rs. 18 each.

Do. Do. in best quality Morrocco Leather fitted with Finest Scissors, Button-hook, Stiletto, Crochet-hook Needles, Cotton, Thimble, Wax, Court Plaster, Looking Glass in Lid, and Receptacle for Buttons, &c., &c.; size when closed, 6" by 4½" 2".

Price, Rs. 13-8 each.

POCKET TRAVELLING COMPANIONS.
POCKET HOUSEWIFES.
POCKET CASES OF SCISSORS, &c.

TREACHER & CO., Limited.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES,

IN Sterling Silver, Crocodile Hide, Russia and Morocco Leathers, Calf, Pigskin, Lizard Skin, Tortoise Shell, and Solid Saddle Leather.

&c., &c., &c.

CIGAR CASES

In Russia and Morocco Leathers, in many different Designs.

From Rs. 6-12 to Rs. 15 each.

In Tortoise Shell, neatly inlaid with Silver.

From Rs. 18 to Rs. 22-8 each.

In Real Crocodile Hide, with Sterling Silver "Hall Marked" Mounts.

From Rs. 18 to Rs. 30.

In Calf, with stout Frames.

From Rs. 6 to Rs. 10.

In Solid Saddle Leather, in a variety of different Shapes and Sizes.

From Re. 1 to Rs. 4-8.

CIGARETTE CASES.

In Russia and Morocco Leather, in very many new Designs.

From Rs. 4 to Rs. 9 each.

In Real Crocodile Hide, with Sterling Silver "Hall Marked" Mounts.

From Rs. 13-8 to Rs. 20.

In Calf, the latest Novelties.

From Rs. 4-8 to Rs. 7.

In Solid Saddle Leather, in a great variety of different Shapes and Sizes.

From Re. 1-4 to Rs. 2-4 each.

CIGAR AND CIGARETTE CASES, IN STERLING SILVER.

Cigar Case, from Rs. 68 to Rs. 125.

Cigarette Case, from Rs. 30 to Rs. 90.

THE NEW COMBINED CIGARETTE CASE AND TOBACCO POUCH.

Size and Shape of an ordinary Cigarette Case with a partition for Cigarettes on one side, and a covered Receptacle for the Tobacco on the other; made in Fancy Leathers, with strong Nickel Frames.

Rs. 4 and Rs. 7 each.

FANCY NOTE CASES,
FANCY PURSES,
&c., &c., &c.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

STILTONS

PRIMEST SPRING MAKE

Whole Cheeses in bladder about 13lb each Per lb. Rs. 1 4

Ditto. in tins ditto " 1 6

PHILLIPS AND Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MONA THE FAR-FAMED ORIGINAL

GENUINE BOUQUET

YIELDS THE VERY SOULS OF FLOWERS.—Bottles Re. 1-8 3 for Rs. 4.

HOAR & CO., OUTFITTERS BOMBAY.

CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT PORCELAINES DE SARREGUEMINES.

WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware, Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

F. FISCHER & CO.,
Agents for India.
HUMMUM STREET.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, LD.

RAMME BRUSH, EDISON DYNAMOS, AND OTHER DYNAMOS FOR ARC AND INCANDESCEN LAMPS).

THE above comprise all the chief system of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India
HUMMUM STREET.

GERMAN LLOYD

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LD.

CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
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TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE (FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephones, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations. As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

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F. FISCHER & Co.,
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GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for Messes, Clubs, Societies, Schools, Stores, Up-country Firms and Private Individuals cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

SHIPPING.—Goods, Packages and Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when requested.

AUCTION SALE AT MAHABLESHWAR.

ON SATURDAY, THE 31ST MARCH, 1888, at 2 P.M.

"CRAIG HALL"—Finest situation on the hill.
"MONASTERY"—Favorite and picturesque bungalow.
"MIRD'S NEST"—A snug retreat with extensive grounds
"ROSE COTTAGE"—Commands a lovely view.
"MULBERRY COTTAGE"—In same compound as Rose Cottage.
Also a small house in the Bazaar and a Strawberry Garden on the Lake.

THE HOUSE at SATARA will be sold on MONDAY, the 2nd April, 1888, at 2 p.m.

For particulars apply to

MORGAN & BALKRISHNA.

HISTORY OF THE PARSIS

INCLUDING

THEIR MANNERS, CUSTOMS, RELIGION AND PRESENT POSITION

BY

DOSABHAI FRAMJI KARAKA, C. S. I.

With coloured and other Illustrations.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

PUBLISHED BY

MACMILLAN & Co., London.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, Bombay.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Rampart-row.

TREACHER'S "GLENLIVET" WHISKY.

THE great success attending the introduction of this Fine Spirit into the Indian Market is a sufficient indication of its quality.

CASH. per doz. Rs. as.		CASH. per doz. Rs. as.
22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Is a blend composed of matured Whiskies from the most renowned Distilleries in Scotland.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

The cream of Scotch Whiskies, softened and matured by Age.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Pure and wholesome, Guaranteed to be distilled from the best malt, and free from any smoky or objectionable flavour.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Consists of the finest Whiskies selected from those distilled during each fine Barley season.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Highly Commended by Connoisseurs for its Fulness, Fragrance and Mellowness.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

The Batting, Bonding, and Blending is carefully attended to by practical men at Treacher and Company's Scotch Agency, and is one of the chief secrets of the success of the brand.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Highly recommended as a stimulant by the most eminent Physicians.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Is supplied to upwards of one hundred and twenty Regimental Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.

22 8	... Treacher's ... GLENLIVET ... Whisky ...	22 8

Special terms for quantities to the Trade, Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

HOMEWARD BOUND

ASQUITH, LORD AND WHITMORE,

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of Gentlemen "HOMEWARD BOUND" to their large stock of useful requisites for the journey, all of which are the best quality only.

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS,

Established in 1870. BOMBAY. Established in 1870.

BEAUTIFUL OPAL PHOTOGRAPHS

PERFECT WORKS OF ART (MARION) PLAIN AND COLOURED.

YACHT SCENES.	BEAUTIES.
Half plate size, plain, Rs. 2-4.	Half plate size, plain, Rs. 2-4.
Coloured and mounted on plush, Rs. 4-8.	Charmingly coloured, Rs. 3-4.

The Queen's Dogs, by special permission of Her Majesty, Rs. 1-8, coloured, Rs. 2-4.

BEAUTIES.

Extra large size, 12 in. by 7 in.: these are exquisitely finished. Plain, Rs. 10-8. Coloured, Rs. 17-8.

An Easel Accompanies each Picture.

PHILLIP & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

P. VUCCINO,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

STUDIO FOR PORTRAITURE OPEN DAILY

from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

MEADOW STREET, FORT,

BOMBAY.

ARTISTIC NOVELTIES AND CURIOSITIES.

A SELECT LOT of IVORY NISHKIS just to hand, beautifully and quaintly carved.

Also a large and splendid selection of Japanese and Chinese Artistic ware always on hand for inspection at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES to make room for fresh goods.

Just unpacked Fresh Dry Ginger in Crystallized Sugar in two lb. tins, very nice and palatable.

EBRAHIM ADAMALLY,

CHINA BAZAAR, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SPECIAL SHIRTINGS FOR PRESENT SEASON.

WE have pleasure in announcing the arrival of our latest Novelties in Shirtings, and we have now on inspection the most extensive Selection in Bombay We guarantee a perfect fitting, durable Shirt, and superiority in workmanship.

All Long Cloth, for wear under uniform, ...	½ dozen	Rs. 21
All Long Cloth, for wear with Linen Cuffs	"	" 24
Fine Long Cloth, Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs	"	" 30
Fine Long Cloth, Pure Linen Collars attached	"	" 33
Fine Long Cloth, Extra Fine Linen Cuffs, Fronts and Bands	"	" 33
Fine Long Cloth, Extra Fine Linen Cuffs, Collars attached	"	" 36
French Cambric Shirts, Newest Designs, Fast Colours, Collars on	"	" 33
Best Oxford Shirts, Specialities (300 Patterns), Collars on	"	" 36
Satin Oxford Shirts, Bold Stripes and Checks, Collars on	"	" 39
Spun Silk Shirts (most comfortable), Collars on	"	" 72
Stockingette (cool, close fitting and elastic), Collars on	"	" 54
Silk and Wool, White and Coloured, delightfully cool material, well shrunk	"	" 54
Summer Flannel (Shrunk), white and neat Patterns	"	" 54
Tropical Flannel, unshrinkable, very cool and durable	"	" 42

BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld.,

SHIRT MAKERS AND HOSIERS,

BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL,

TWO MINUTES FROM APOLLO BUNDER,

FORT, BOMBAY.

THE only Hotel in Bombay has English IRON BEDSTEAD and SPRING MATTRESS.

Fine views of Bombay's celebrated harbour with full ... TARIFF, Re. 1 per day.

WHEN PURCHASING A WATCH

IT is necessary to remember the following THREE IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.

1.—That you obtain a reliable and serviceable timekeeper.

2.—That you obtain the best value for your money.

3.—That you deal with a house whose name is sufficient guarantee for strictly fair dealings.

MARCKS & COMPANY, Ld.

SPECIALLY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING FROM THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF WATCHES THEY KEEP ON HAND.

	Rs.
Their Original and everlasting Campaign Watch Keyless lever	35
Their "Popular" Keyless Watch	14
Their Silver Keyless Lever Watch	50
Their highest "Perfect" Gold Watch	240
Maximum Variation one minute per Month	
Their reliable Chrograph Watch	85
Their Lady's handsome Keyless, 18 ct. Gold Watch with finest works Crystal front...	90
Do. do. Hunting case	120
Do. do. Half-Hunting case	125

REPAIRS OF EVERY KIND EXECUTED BY SPECIALISTS.

BOMBAY,
43, Esplanade Road,
Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA,
1, East Street,
Opposite the Napier Hotel.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES

45 Bore Sporting, 9 Shots, best quality			Rs. 140, plain quality Rs. 100.
500 " Express, 5 Do. do.			Rs. 120, do. do. Rs. 110.
500 " " Single Shot, Winchesters			Rs. 65
Cartridges per 100 for 450 Rifles	Rs. 11	Reloading Tools, Per Set for 450 Rifles	Rs. 17
" " 100 " 500 "	" 13	" " 500 "	" 22

Apply to

KING KING & CO., BOMBAY.

PILSENER BEER

KAISER BREWERY.

BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.

In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the labels without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBA

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

The greater part of

"THE MESSIAH"

will be performed at a CONCERT to be given in the TOWN HALL, on TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at 9 o'clock. Tickets may be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co. on and after FRIDAY, the 23rd instant.

Reserved Seats ..... Rs. 3
Back Seats 2

A few copies of the full score of "The Messiah" may be bought at the door on TUESDAY EVENING.

N.B.—There will be no afternoon repetition of this performance.

C. M. MOBERLY,
Hon. Secretary.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "CAIRO," ARRIVED from Hull, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain Dixon, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 22nd March, 1888.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK, the PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, and the GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 30th instant, to MONDAY, 2nd proximo, both days inclusive, on account of the EASTER HOLIDAYS.

W. FRASER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Bombay, 22nd March, 1888.

GUJERAT CUP.

THE MEET has been changed from BAGODRA to SARODA, 16 miles from Ahmedabad, on the Dholka road. All horses, kit, &c., should be sent to Ahmedabad, Sirkhej Road, R. R. Camp Ahmedabad, will see that ghorawallas and servants are properly directed if they apply to him. Date of meet is unchanged.

W. H. WHITE, C.E.
Hon. Sec., Gujerat Cup.

23rd March, 1888.

FOR SALE.

	Rs.
BR. BILUCH HORSE, about 5 6 years, lot of old Saddlery	200
Large MICROSCOPE, 6 objectives, &c., &c.	150
Small THEODOLITE, old but perfectly good for ordinary work	30
PHOTO KIT, for ½ plate and ¼ by 4½ old and damaged, but in active use up to date; bellows camera; Hare's changing box; 2 double slides; changing box for ¼ plate adapted to camera; 1-1 R. R. by Ramsayer; 1 ditto by W. A. Lens, by "Vogel"; Grubb's A* Aplanatic same size; three ¼ plate French portrait Lenses, drop shutter, printing frames, &c., &c.	150
320-bore S.-B. HOOK RIFLE, in polished case, good as new	80
320 Tranter PISTOL (saloon No. 1, rifled)	20
450 REVOLVER and HOLSTER	30
VIOLIN, by "Barnabeli," in case	80
BICROSA, 12 ft., old but good	50
PAL, for Servants	10

The above cannot be sent on approval, as owner is going home very shortly, but may be seen by appointment. The large Microscope may be seen any time at the Bombay Natural History Society.

Apply to F. GLEADOW, Forest Officer, Surat.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD IRON FIREBARS.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m., (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, 4th April next, off'rs for the purchase of about 800 tons of old Firebars now lying at Warl Bunder, Mazagon, where they may be viewed on application to the Wharf Superintendent.

Offers must state the rate per ton weighed over and delivered on the spot, or into Boats to be provided and placed by the Purchaser alongside the wharf.

Payment must be made before delivery.

Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's forms (to be obtained from the undersigned) and accompanied separately by a Deposit of Rs. 1,000.

The whole quantity of Firebars must be removed within two months from date of acceptance of offer, failing which ground rent, at the rate of Re. 1 per square yard per month, will be charged, the Company reserving the right to sell at the risk and expense of the Purchaser any of the material not removed at the expiration of three months from the date of purchase.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.

Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 23rd March, 1888.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.—A QUARTERLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held here on WEDNESDAY, the 4th April, 1888, at 4 p.m., for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Election of Chairman of the Corporation for the ensuing year.

Sir Frank H. Souter, Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., will propose the election of Rahimatulla Mahomed Sayani, Esq., as Chairman. Mr. Peel will second the motion.

2. [illegible] Secretary, Town Council, reporting [illegible] passed by the Council up to [illegible]

3. [illegible] by the Corporation between 1st [illegible] the attendance of [illegible]

4. [illegible] to the Acting Municipal Commissioner in Council, for [illegible] of Rs. 11,52,000, made up as [illegible] 2,97,000; other works, Rs. 6,82,000—[illegible]

5. [illegible] to the expenditure of Rs. 3,000, [illegible] maintaining temporary [illegible]

6. [illegible] to the nominal outlay of [illegible] charge of the total excess over [illegible] Estimate of water supplied for [illegible] 1887-88.

7. [illegible] to enter into arrangement with Messrs. [illegible] Howard & Co. for the [illegible] ground, adjoining Howard [illegible] Mill Company's premises at Dadabhoy Road, [illegible] to give up to the Municipality [illegible] strip of land on the west of the said mill [illegible]

8. [illegible] to be paid to the transfer to Mr. Farrow [illegible] service grades around at Ashing Road, in lieu of [illegible] same are now supported to have been given to [illegible] Rules No. 175 at Page 98.

9. Sanction to be asked to the distribution of the Rs. 25,000 [illegible] by the Corporation in 1888 for storm-[illegible] Sewer, to provide for the cost of water entrances and ventilating shafts, manholer, and the improvement of manholes

10. Sanction to be asked to the writing off of (1) Rs. 1,839-2-6, being the book value of 2 bullocks that died; and the difference between the book value and sale proceeds of 18 cast bullocks and the book value of certain vehicles recently injured by fire at Crawford Markets; and (2) Rs. 1,726-11-6 being book value of 30 bullocks of the Health Department, that died or were destroyed during the quarter ending 30th November, 1887.

11. Letter from the Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway Company, replying to the reference made by the Corporation as to the necessity of providing further latrine accommodation for third class passengers and for the sanitary supervision of sick passengers at the local railway stations.

12. Notice of motion from Major H. O. Selby of intention (1) to ask the Chairman or other member of the Town Council, when the Water Works By-laws shall be returned to the Town Council for revision may be expected; (2) to ask the Commissioner when the detailed report on the subject of overbridges over the B. B. and C. I. Railway in Bombay asked for by the Corporation Resolution may be expected.

13. Notice of motion from Dosabhoy Framjee, Esq., C.S.I., of intention to move that the maximum amount of a new work chargeable to revenue account be reduced from Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 10,000.

14. Sanction to be asked to the variation of the contract with the Telephone Company, by which the Municipality will receive the use on the wires of Telephones now used for Municipal purpose in consideration of the Company's reducing the charge for all new connections supplied for Municipal purposes.

15. Sanction to be asked to the expenditure of Rs. 1,000 to provide for three prizes for the best designs for the dwellings for the labouring classes.

16. Sanction to be asked to the expenditure of Rs. 10,000 for constructing catch-water channel at the west of Dam No. 3, Vehar Lake.

By order of the Chairman,
H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; and Secy. Town Council.

Bombay, Municipal Offices, 23rd March, 1888.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY. FOR 1888.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay
Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

OSSABHOY CURSETJEE BHOWNUGREE,
Bhownugree Street, Surat.

KHUNDALA HOTEL.

A NEW HOTEL OPENED since 1st October by the PROPRIETORS of the EGUTPOORI HOTEL, in a large, commodious and comfortable Bungalow, situated on an elevated site and commanding a charming view all round. Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS.

Khundala, 8th Sept. 1887.

NOTICE.

THE NEW CLUB, Simla, has now been registered as a LIMITED LIABILITY ASSOCIATION, the liability of members being limited to their Entrance Fee of Rs. 100.

The Club will OPEN on the 15th of March. Additional quarters for resident members are now being constructed, and will be ready shortly.

Gentlemen desirous of joining the Club or of securing quarters should apply to

THE HONORARY SECRETARY,
New Club, Limited, Simla,
Peterhoff Castle, Simla, March 1, 1888.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY
No. 5, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 24th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNET and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods.

On account of the underwriters—
4 cases silver cochineal, salt water damaged.

At 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong victoria, with removeable coachbox and harness.
1 handsome strong English-built Landau, in very good order.
1 fast trotting bay Australian horse, goes in saddle and harness.
1 chestnut waler, gelding, 15-1, aged, good Royal Infantry charger, goes in single harness.
1 handsome, strongs English-built, canoe-shaped landau, by Kesterton and Co.
1 handsome, English-built, square-shaped landau, by Kesterton and Co.
1 handsome, strong, canoe-shaped landau, on C spring, by Kesterton and Co.
1 handsome, strong, English-built, glass-fronted, miniature brougham, by Kesterton and Co.
1 handsome bay Arab horse, 14-27 years old, quiet to ride and drive.
1 second-hand strong buggy.
1 Handsome Surat cow with calf giving about 4 seers of milk.
1 strong bay polo pony quiet to ride and drive.
1 handsome strong English built glass fronted office brougham with a fast trotting grey Australian horse and harness.

AUCTION SALE of Arab and Persian Horses at Byculla, TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Mr. Ally bin Ameer's Stable, Byculla, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co., the property of different dealers, proceeding to their native country.

A lot of high caste Arab and Persian horses, consisting of racers, chargers, hunters, ponies, gallaways, &c., &c.

The horses are now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 13 Hornby Row, (a the flat recently occupied by J. C. Kiddle, Esq., the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated glass and crockery ware, handsome China and Japanese vases, table ornaments, Hink's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, firstrate oleographs and pictures, &c., of which full particulars will be given hereafter.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On THURSDAY, the 5th April next, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mount Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome specially designed artistic household furniture of the best make and workmanship, by Mr. Wimbridge and John Roberts, electroplateware, very rich crockery and glassware, very handsome China and Japanese vases, rich table ornaments, Persian and Brussels carpets, handsome Hink's patent table and hanging kerosine lamps, first-rate oil paintings and oleographs, a handsome strong Engli-h-built, glass fronted, miniature Brougham an English-built light comfortable Victoria, and English-built mail phaeton, a handsome strong Calcutta-built dog-cart, a pair of very handsome fast trotting chesnut waler horses, a handsome strong bay waler horse, sets of English-made double and single harness, &c., the property of F. KIRBY, Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

WITHOUT RESERVE.

UNRESERVED Auction Sale of Bungalow at Matheran known as "Chowk Hotel."

On MONDAY, the 9th April next, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNET and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms—

The bungalow with out-houses, known as "Chowk Hotel," situated at Matheran, containing by admeasurement 5 acres and 25 goontas. The bungalow has a very large accomodation and commands an excellent view.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to the Undersigned,

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 21th March, 1888.

PUNCTUALITY IS THE SOUL OF BUSINESS.

THE punctual man gets on and climbs the ladder of life. The unpunctual, the irregular, the untrustworthy man sinks to the lowest level. To become a punctual man, you must carry a reliable time-keeper. Everybody cannot afford a Watch, and it is often those most anxious to get on who can afford it least. It is to supply this want that the Warterbury Watch has been invented and is manufactured. Its cost is only Rs. 8-8, and yet it is a perfect time-keeper, and as such has risen into the very highest repute in England and America. It is worn by all classes, up to the very highest. Princes, Generals, Scientists, Literateurs, Civil Engineers, Electricians, all wear it. Among late purchasers we may mention—Prince Albert Victor of Wales (son of the Prince of Wales), Prince William of Prussia (who sent us an order for thirty-six "Waterburys," and wears one himself), Queen Olga of Greece, the Crown Prince of Denmark, the Sultan of Morocco, George Augustus Sala, Edmund Yates (of *The World*), G. R. Sims, Professor Jamieson (of Glasgow University), Professor Edison (the World-known Electrician), etc., etc., and over 3,50,000 are being worn by the most enlightened Englishmen in the World.

The "Waterbury," although a low-priced Watch, is not a cheap Watch. It is one of the costliest in the world. Its price is Rs. 8-8, packed in a handsome Satin-lined box; but the first "Waterbury" ever made was the product of ten years' keen study, and the experimental expenditure of many thousand of pounds, and every "Waterbury" now manufactured is the result of 500 separate operations, and the product of a factory containing costly and intricate automatic machinery to the value of THIRTY LAKHS OF RUPEES.

THE WATERBURY WATCH.

IS A

KEYLESS, DURABLE, RELIABLE, ACCURATE TIME-KEEPER.

Price, Rs. 8-8. Price, Rs. 8-8.

GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

Repaired for one Rupee or less.

AT

ANY OF THE COMPANY'S DEPOTS.

HOW TO GET A WATERBURY.

It may be obtained from dealers in all parts of the country. From Soundy and Co., Ld., from the office of the Company, Medow Street, Bombay, or if order is sent by post to

WATERBURY, BOMBAY,
WATERBURY, CALCUTTA,
OR
WATERBURY, ALLAHABAD.

A perfect Watch timed to the minute and packed in Satin-lined box will be sent you by next mail by V. P. or Parcel post. Postage will be paid by the Company.

Insure your life by wearing a Waterbury.

The Company will pay the next of kin of any wearer of a Waterbury Watch, who may be killed (while a passenger) in an accident on any Indian Railway during 1888, the sum of One Thousand Rupees.

Clubs—Ten persons joining together and ordering ten Watches can get a reduction of one Rupee per Watch.

Chains for the Waterbury in all patterns—
Equal in appearance to Silver ... Rs. 1 4 & Rs. 2
Ditto ditto to Gold ... „ 3 0

Head Office for India,
MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.
BRANCH DEPOTS AT
104, OLD COURT HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA
AND
JOHNSTONE GUNGE, ALLAHABAD.

DAVEESAHAI CHUMBA MULL,

SHAWL AND CARPET MANUFACTURERS,
(By SPECIAL APPOINTMENT to)
H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, and H. E. the Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

ORIENTAL EMPORIUM OF CURIOSITIES
SHOW ROOMS
For Shawls, Carpets, Metal Works, &c.

THE Establishment of DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL is the oldest in Aurritsar. The goods are guaranteed to be real. Prices are reasonable and fixed. A comparison with goods supplied by other Establishments is invited.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL'S Carpet Manufactory is now under the superintendence of Mr. H. B. Blake, late Deputy Superintendent, Lahore Central Jail, where, for 11 years, he was in charge of the Carpet Manufactory of that Jail, and from his great experience he is thoroughly acquainted with the industry in all its different phases; and under his supervision this firm is now producing Carpets not to be surpassed in India, and at reasonable rates.

HALL STREET,
Near the Railway Station, just inside the Hall Gate of the CITY of AMRITSAR, PUNJAB.

DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL respectfully invite Visitors to Amritsar to inspect their Establishment where their Indian Manufactures may be examined.

TERMS—Strictly Cash, or V. P. Post.
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

N. B.—Visitors are requested to enquire for DAVEE SAHAI CHUMBA MULL, and to be cautious that they are not misled by touts, dalals, and garrywalas.

Just Published. Post free for 12 one-anna stamps.

A NEW MEDICAL WORK ON MARRIAGE. By a Physician of may years' practice. A practical guide to young men before entering the wedded state; with plain instructions for the speedy removal of all disqualifications and impediments which too often debar happiness therein; it also treats on the cause of premature decline, loss of manhood, nervous debility, lassitude, shyness, incapacity for study or business, distaste for society, and the numberless infirmities resulting from youthful errors or excesses of adult life, together with the highly successful and thoroughly safe mode of treatment, whereby sufferers may speedily be restored to health and happiness.—Lawes, Medical Publisher, 15, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W. C.

NOTICES.

FOR SALE.

	Rs.
A BAY ARAB HORSE, 14-3 hands high, Six years old, Well bred. Certified to be sound by Messrs. Scott and Co. No vice. Fast in saddle and harness, Can gallop. Would make splendid charger	850
LIGHT DOG-CART, by Lones, Vernon, and Holden (London), in good condition. 5 ft. wheels, Lancewood shafts with springs. Recently new	400
SET of HARNESS, by Dunnett and Company, Black with brass mountings, &c. As good as new	100
ENGLISH SADDLE, BRIDLE, &c. All in good condition	50
The TURN-OUT complete	1,700

Address, "ALPHA," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that from the 1st proximo till the end of May next, any DOGS found STRAYING in the streets or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such DOGS, will be DESTROYED in accordance with the provisions of section CXVI. of Act XIII. of 1856.

FRANK H. SOUTER,
Commissioner of Police.

Police Commr's. Office, Bombay, 21st March, 1888.

WANTED, BY THE S. I. R. CO., ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS.

EXPERIENCED in Surveying, Levelling, and laying out Railways. To competent men employment can be insured up to end of August next. Apply stating antecedents, age, experience, and salary expected to the undersigned.

DAVID LOGAN,
Chief Engineer, S. I. Railway.

Trichinopoly, 6th March, 1888.

MORVI RAILWAY.

ARRANGEMENTS having been effected with the B. B. and C. I. Railway goods will be booked through between stations on the Morvi Railway and Stations on the B. B. and C. I. Railway (including the R. M. Railway) and Bhavnagur Gondal Railway, from about the 20th March; and all goods will be carried at the B. B. and C. I. Railway's tariff rates except articles in the B. B. and C. I. Railway's special classes which will be carried in the first class on the Morvi Railway.

For the present and until other arrangements are made a charge of four pies per maund will be added to the tariff rates to cover cost of transhipment and cartage between the Morvi and B. B. and C. I. Railways' goods stations at Wadhwan Junction.

Any information required will be gladly furnished on application to the undersigned.

HENRY T. HARRIS,
Traffic Superintendent.

Wadhwan Camp, 15th March, 1888.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

SCRAP TIMBER.

THE Acting Agent is prepared to receive at his office, Victoria Terminus, up to 1 p.m. (Gunfire), on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant, Tenders for the Purchase of SCRAP TIMBER, now Stacked in the G. I. P. Railway Company's Wood Shops, at Parel. The Timber may be seen on application; and Forms of Tender, upon which only offers will be received, may be obtained from the undersigned.

No notice will be taken of any Tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 250, and this amount will, in the event of the Tender being accepted, be retained as security for the fulfilment of the Contract.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

ALFRED KING,
Store-keeper.

Store-keeper's Office, Parel, 15th March, 1888.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at its Registered Office, Nos. 301—306, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 24th March, 1888, at 1 p.m., to transact the following business:—

I. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account, for the year ending 31st December, 1887.

II. To declare a Dividend.

III. To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

IV. To appoint Auditors for the current year, and fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
RAMCHANDRA HEMRAJ,
Secretary.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st to 29th instant, both days inclusive.

Bombay, 10th March, 1888.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the following services for the official year 1888-89 at the Camp Deolali, viz.:—

Supply of labour and materials, petty Stores, road metal, stores, &c., under 10 separate schedules of rates.

2. Conditions of Contract and forms of tender can be seen, and all necessary information given during office hours at the Bombay Military Works Office, Fort, and P. W. D. Office, Camp Deolali.

3. Tenders, which should be sealed will be received by the undersigned at his office up to noon on 26th March, 1888, when they will be opened.

4. The amount of earnest money required to accompany each tender is Rs. 25.

5. The acceptance of the tenders rests with the Superintending Engineer, Northern Division.

6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all of the tenders received.

H. D. OLIVIER, Captain, R.E.,
Executive Engineer, Military Works, Bombay Dept.

Bombay Military Works Office, Fort, 12th March, 1888.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited for the following services for the official year 1888-89.

I. Supply of labour and materials required by all the Military and Civil Buildings and Works in charge of the Executive Engineer, Military Works in Bombay, Hog Island, and Elephanta.

II. Supply of and Repairs to Barrack Furniture.

III. Supply of petty Stores, &c.

2. Bills of quantities, specifications, conditions of contract and forms of Tenders can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per each copy, and all necessary information obtained on application at the Bombay Defences Office, Fort, during Office hours.

3. Tenders, which should be sealed, will be received by the undersigned up to noon on the 26th March, 1888, when they will be opened.

4. The amount of earnest-money required to accompany the Tender is Rs. 500 each, and the amount of deposit required in the case of the accepted Tender is 5 per cent. on the tendered amount.

5. The acceptance of the Tender rests with the Superintending Engineer, Northern Division.

6. Authority is reserved to reject any or all of the Tenders received.

R. D. OLIVIER, Captain, R. E.,
Executive Engineer, Military Works, Bombay Dept.

Bombay Military Works Office, Fort, Bombay, 12th March 1888.

BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 1—MAHOGANY ACCIDENT CASE, containing six Tinctures for External Use, in stopped bottles; Plaster, and a Book of Directions. This case will be found useful in all cases of Accident, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sprains, Abrasions of the Skin, Blisters from Rowing, Riding, or any violent exercises. Price Rs. 30.

No. 2—TINCTURE CASE, adapted to Dr. Laurie's "Guide for Family Use," as complete as possible, and well suited for beginners in Homœopathic practice. Price Rs. 35.

No. 15—VERTICAL MAHOGANY TINCTURE CASE, adapted to, and containing, Berjean's "Treatment of Syphilis, &c." Price Rs. 50.

No. 16—RIFLE VOLUNTEER'S ACCIDENT CASE, contains three Tinctures for External Treatment, six bottles Pilules for Internal Use, Plaster, and Book with a little Chart of Instructions how all are to be used, in a compact and portable form, very little larger than a purse, which can be carried without inconvenience in the breastpocket. Price complete Rs. 10.

No. 17—VETERINARY CHEST, a case of medicines adapted to Harry Goodwin's "Text Book of Veterinary Practice" for the treatment of the Horse, Dog, &c., containing a selection of the principal remedies, twenty-four in number. Price complete, Rs. 50.

No. 18—VETERINARY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moores' Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Horses, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Guttaperchа, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

The above are only a few among many others always in stock. Medicine chests to suit in taste and requirements of customers made on the shortest notice.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

BERIGNY & Co.

OLD GARMENTS MADE LIKE NEW.

ECONOMY IN DRESSING.

BY USING THE DIAMOND DYES.

It is really for most colours no more trouble to dye any article a perfect colour than to rinse and starch such an article.

SO SIMPLE A CHILD COULD USE THEM.

Black, Brown, Blue, Scarlet, Crimson, Cardinal Red, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Olive Green, Maroon, Magenta and twenty other fashionable colours can be obtained equal to the work of the most skilful dyer. All colours warranted fast and durable.

A WOMAN'S DRESS can be DYED for 6d., And a CHILD'S for 3d.

A Sample Card shewing thirty-six leading colours in cotton and wool goods dyed with the DIAMOND DYES, and a book giving full instructions, can be obtained of your chemist, free of charge. Each packet will colour from one to 6 lbs.

Save Money and Time By Dyeing your Garments at Home.

Ful directions given for colouring cotton, wool, and, silk goods. For sale by chemists. Large size packet, 6d. WELLS & RICHARDSON COMPANY, Wholesale Depot, 1 & 2, AUSTRALIAN AVENUE, LONDON, E.C. Wholesale Agents: TREACHER & Co., Ltd. BOMBAY, POONA, and BYCULLA.

SARSAPARILLA.

Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the ACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY

THOMAS WILKINSON
(Member of the Pharmaceutical Society)
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CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark

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at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co., ROGERS AND Co., BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

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THROUGH THE FAILURE OF A LARGE

WEST-END HOUSE.

MARCKS AND COMPANY LIMITED

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THEIR HOME AGENT

A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

GEM JEWELLERY.

CONSISTING OF

DIAMOND BROOCHES
DIAMOND AND PEARL BROOCHES
PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS
DO. AND SAPPHIRE PENDANTS
LOCKETS SET DIAMONDS
DO. DO. RUBIES
DO. DO. PEARLS
EARRINGS SET EMERALDS, PEARLS.

A few Handsome 18-carat Guard Chains, Albert and Victoria. Also Neck Chains in great variety Scarf Pins, convertible to Solitaire, Studs of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Corals, Turquoises Lapislazuli, &c., &c., in a hundred fanciful designs.

Diamond Cluster Earrings and other articles of jewellery too numerous to particularize in detail.

TO BE SOLD AT

UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES.

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BOMBAY.
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Opposite Clock Tower.

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1 East Street,
Opposite Napier Hotel.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4; and the only trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE,

Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair requires strength showing the importance of its action of the Organs of Nutrition.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element Phosphorous, "*the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself*;" and kindles afresh the Fire of Life from the Sole of the Foot to the Crown of the Head.

The unequalled Curative Properties of this Preparation has spread its fame throughout every Nation and Country in the World as the only medicine of real efficacy for Renovating Broken-down Constitutions. Restoring the fullest and most Vigorous Conditions of Robust Health and Manhood under every circumstance, and at very age, by nourishing, fertilising, and developing all the powers of every necessary part of the human organization, thus ensuring a sound and permanent restoration of the impaired organs wherever a deficiency of natural vigour has for years existed, so that all the duties of life may be pursued with Confidence and Pleasure.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

Thousands of unimpeachable Testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities, prove conclusively the verdict universal that in the world of scientific research no other Phosphoric Preparation has received such exalted praise and distinguished recognition.

The very remarkable cures effected by DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has induced numbers of Physicians to prescribe and use it in their own families, and in several of the London Hospitals.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d and 11s., by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.

Full Printed Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above Diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYN

LABORATORY.
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, N. W.

BEWARE OF VILE IMITATIONS.—*NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS* every Bottle bears the British Government Stamp with the words DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, London, England, engraved thereon. The great Popularity of DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has raised up Miserable Imitations in India and the Colonies, made up from cheap, useless Drugs by Ignorant Pretenders. See that the above words are on the Government Stamp before you purchase, and thus avoid dangerous consequences by the use of Spurious imitations.

AGENTS—TREACHER & CO.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA

DR. DE ROOS' CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the genuine results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—the inmates of our hospitals—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting vigour and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for a speedy cure in consumptive cases, and a general tonic for persons (even in not climates) suffer from languor and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies should provide themselves with this important article on health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn or declining years, and in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To nursing mothers, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s. per bottle, The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally.

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will but have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They

ROYAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Legislative Council, Secretariat, noon.
Jewraj Balloo S. and W. Company, 1 p.m.
Annual Inspection, B. V. R. Corps, 4-30 p.m.
Annual Meeting, Indo-British Institution, Mr. Justice Scott presiding, 5-30 p.m.
Band, Victoria Gardens, B. B. & C. I. Vols. 5 p.m.
Band, Yacht Club, 4th Bo. Rifles, 5-45 p.m.
Cook's Moonlight Excursion, 8-30 p.m.
Evening Party to Lord and Lady Reay at "Ready Money House," 9-30 p.m.
Entertainment, Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived, on the 23rd:—Udstone (ship), from Cardiff, Yesterday:—Bushear (s), from Marmagoa; Satara (s), Buereh; Kt. of St. John (s), Cardiff; and Manitoba (s), Middlesbrough.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Nurjehan (s), for Coast and Calcutta; Coconada (s), Coast and Karachi; Auretta (s), Vizagapatam; and Bengal (s), London and Brindisi.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 3rd March 1888, was 140,106 maunds, and in money Rs. 11,433.

ENTERTAINMENT AT THE SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.—An entertainment will be given at the Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock, to-day, and on Monday, the 26th instant, by the crew of H. M. S. Osprey. The funds will be in benefit of a sick sailor. The performance is under the patronage of Admiral Sir F. W. Richards, K.C.B.

FRAUDULENT POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Abdoola Kurrumsey *alias* Abdoola Kurrimbux was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of having in his possession an easy chair and a table, valued Rs. 14, suspected to have been stolen or fraudulently obtained. Failing to render a satisfactory account of their appropriation, he was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

STEALING A GOAT.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, William Wortley, a vagrant, was charged before Mr. Hamilton, by Constable Nelmes, with stealing a coat. The accused, while loitering about the Prince's Dock in a drunken state, entered into one of the ships in the dock and stole a coat from the forecastle. The seaman missing it shortly after complained to the police who arrested Wortley and found he had pledged it. Pleading guilty he was sentenced to fifteen days' hard labour.

THE BIBLE AND TRACT AND BOOK SOCIETIES.—A fairly well attended meeting of these societies was held last evening, when the Hon. Justice Birdwood presided. The Rev. J. Forgan read an abstract of the Bible Society's report. The Rev. Dr. Mackichan moved, and the Rev. J. Clutterbuck seconded, the adoption of the report. The Rev. Wann moved, and Dr. Macdonald seconded, the adoption of the report of the Tract and Book Society. After the office-bearers had been appointed, the chairman addressed the meeting. A hearty vote of thanks to the Hon. Justice Birdwood concluded the proceedings.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The band of the 4th Bombay Rifles will play the following programme of music at the Yacht Club, to-day, at 5-45 p.m.:—

March	Tel El Kebir ... Fullerton.
Overture	Emma Di Resburgo ... Meyerbeer.
Valse	Tender and True ... Bucalossi.
Trio and Quartett	Attila ... Verdi.
Valse	Fleurs Du Printemps ... Bousquet.
Selection	Iolanthe ... Sullivan.
Galop	Kassassin ... Winterbottom.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers at the Victoria Gardens, this evening, at 5 o'clock:—

March	Ruhy ... J. Dawson.
Quadrille	Bonnounit ... Scholes.
Selection	Moses in Egypt ... Rosini.
Valse	Immer Hoiteror ... Strauss.
Trio	Buondelmonte ... Pacini.
Fantasia	Evening Revels ... D. Richards.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BANDORA LITERARY AND SOCIAL CLUB.—The honorary secretary and treasurer of the Literary and Social Club begs to acknowledge the receipt of the following donations received towards their Reading Room and Library:—Mr. Meyrelles do Canto, Rs. 10; A Catholic, Rs. 5; Dr. Paulo Merlo, Rs. 2; Drs. A. D. Mody, B. K. Dantra, Messrs. R. Boardman, J. B. Mackey, A Friend, Re. 1 each. A gift of books from Rev. B. D'Monte, Messrs. Dosabhoy Framjee Karaka, CSI, (through Shapurjee Sorabjee Bengali, Esq., CIE,) W. E. Fox, Marin F. Baptist, and pamphlets from Dewan Bahadoor R. Raghunath Rao, Prime Minister of Indore State.

SELLING OPIUM WITHOUT A LICENSE.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, a Parsee Opium Inspector prosecuted a Mahomedan named Dawood, with selling opium without a license. The prosecutor had been informed that the accused was in the habit of selling a preparation of opium and keeping an opium-smoking shop. He supplied his informant with four marked coppers with instructions to buy some opium. This the man did, and in conjunction with the police the accused's shop was searched and over a rupee's worth of opium was found with several pipes and hookas used by the man's customers. On the accused pleading guilty Mr. Hamilton fined him Rs. 10, and ordered the opium to be confiscated.

THEFT OF FURNITURE, &c.—Abdoola Currim was yesterday charged before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing a perambulator, one easy chair and two cane chairs on the 19th February, the property of Mr. A. Patterson, a foreman in the G. I. P. Railway Workshops at Parell. The said articles were lying in the verandah on the night of the 17th February last, and on the following morning they were missing. A report was made to the G. I. P. Railway Police, who discovered that on the morning of the 19th February the accused arrived with the four articles at the Tamah station by the third train from Bombay, and conveyed them to the town and sold them to Europeans and a Banian, from whom the stolen articles were recovered. The accused was convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED MOLESTATION OF A SALVATIONIST.—Edward Bonnel, a Salvationist, applied yesterday to Mr. Hamilton for a summons for abusive language against a Parsee, named Sorabjee Dadabhoy. The applicant stated that the Parsee had continually molested him for no reason with abusive language. The first occasion was on Sunday on the Esplanade, and when asked why he used such language the Parsee gave no reason but continued his inexplicable conduct. On Wednesday again, Mr. Bonnel stated that the Parsee with a couple of his friends continued to annoy him with the same language. The police were informed of it and Dadabhoy was taken to the police chowkey, where he was offered an opportunity of apologising with an alternative of being prosecuted. As no apology had been given Mr. Bonnel felt constrained to prosecute the Parsee, and asked for a summons which was granted.

THEFT OF A RING.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, Sukoo, a woman, was charged before Mr. Hamilton with stealing a gold ring of Mrs. Lodge. The woman, it appeared, while hawking vegetables offered some to Mrs. Lodge, living at Colaba, for sale. Mrs. Lodge bought some from her and while she left the front room to get money from an inner room to pay for the vegetables the accused noticing the ring lying on a table appropriated it. Some time after Mrs. Lodge missed the ring, and then, recollecting the accused, informed the police of it. Inspector Stanford arrested the woman and found the ring in her possession partially broken up. The complainant recognised the ring and the woman, after stating that her husband found it broken up as it was, admitted she had stolen it. His Worship sentenced her to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment.

A BOOK OF NATIVE SONGS.—The Gayen Utejak Mandali have laid all lovers of native music under a deep obligation by publishing in book form the select songs that were sung at concerts given by the Society from the 28th April, 1871, to the 15th December, 1886. It is a nicely-printed book of 442 pages and contains 1,100 songs in correct orthography and phraseology, which might naturally be expected from a society which engages at a handsome remuneration the services of the best masters of song procurable in the city. The songs were sung by the members of the society at the thirty-four concerts given during the period above-noticed. This number might to some appear very small; but it must borne in mind that the time and labour required in preparation, although long and great, had to be devoted to the task by gentlemen otherwise busily engaged in the daily concerns of life. An elaborate and carefully prepared index of no less than seventy-seven pages adds considerably to the value of a book that is sure to find a welcome in many quarters.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENTS.—At Secunderabad, on Saturday evening last, as the Rev. C. H. L. and Mrs Wright and their little child were driving from the 26th N. I. Lines to the Parsonage, in a one-horse phaeton, the horse shied near the bridge at the upper end of the Railway Offices, on seeing elephants coming up the road from the station, laden with beer-barrels. The carriage was upset and smashed, and the occupants were thrown on the road; but happily they all escaped unhurt with the exception of a shock.—Another incident happened about the same time in James' Street. As the driver of a vehicle, wherein were two ladies, was just taking his seat on the dickey, the horse bolted upsetting and smashing the carriage. The ladies received some bruises, and the coachman was severely hurt.—*Deccan Times.*

28TH BOMBAY PIONEERS.—The annual regimental sports of this the latest addition to the Poona Garrison were brought to a successful issue on the parade ground of the regiment at New Jnanel on Thursday evening. The officers were "At Home" during the evening, and received a large number of friends from Poona and Kirkee, and the proceedings were enlivened by the presence of the regimental Band, who under the leadership of Mr. James played selections of music between the various evenings.

THE DESERTION BY A POLICEMAN.—Mr. Hector Marshall Upshon, Reserve Inspector of the Madras City Police Force, on Monday, charged a European, named Hector Charles Everard Rhenius, a third grade Serjeant of the same Force, before Colonel F. Maclean, Commissioner of Police. The accused, it appeared, was a Serjeant of the Police Force, and was in charge of the Police Guard at the Fort. On the 15th instant, he was relieved from duty at 6 p.m. by Serjeant Smith, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Egmore, with ceasing to perform the duties of his office as Serjeant of Police without leave, from the 6th instant, contrary to Section 44, Act XXIV. of 1850. Inspector Robert Bradbury, attached to the B. Division, stated that the accused is a Serjeant of the B. Division, Madras City Police, Black Town, and ceased to discharge his duties as such from the 6th instant and was arrested at Bombay, on a warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Madras; accused neither applied for nor obtained leave, nor did he give notice of his intention to leave the Force at Madras. Accused in defence submitted that being involved in pecuniary difficulties and hearing that a warrant had been issued by the Court of Small Causes, Madras, for his arrest, he left for Bombay with a view of obtaining assistance from his brother there. Accused added that he had no intention to quit the Police, and had no idea that what he did was an offence; and in support of these statements he would call Inspector Cobb, of the Bombay Police Force, who would speak to his having informed the Commissioner of Bombay of the circumstances under which he left Madras. Accused said that his only object in going to Bombay was to liquidate the debt and return to his duties. His Worship fined the accused a month's pay (Rs. 50), in default to undergo one month's imprisonment.—*Madras Times.*

DEATH OF A HYDERABAD NOTABILITY.—We regret to announce the death of Hafiz Mir Mansab Ali, at one time one of the best known men in Hyderabad, which took place on Saturday last at 9 p.m. It is however some consolation to learn that he attained the ripe age of 80. For some years past he had been so wholly absorbed in his religious observances that his name was scarcely heard in connection with the current politics of the day; but during the reign of the late Nizam he was held in such high respect that he was to all intents and purposes his chief adviser and secretary, and also had the honour of being his tutor for some time. He also used to serve as a Vakil between his Highness and the late Amir-i-Kabir—a post which carried great authority and influence. He was a man of the old school, and was such a lover of the past that, in spite of the persistent offers of the late Nizam, he always declined to change his simple name for a title. Hafiz Mir Mansab Ali leaves two sons, who are already well-known in Hyderabad society, the elder being the popular Mir Liakat Ali, A.-D.-C. to the ex-Minister, and the younger Mir Mumtaz Ali, the Commander of his Highness' Surf-i-Khas troops. Their unassuming and gentlemanly manners speak well for the training they received from the father whose loss they now deplore. These sons were trained in the Madrassa-i-Alyia and in 1886, on the occasion of the distribution of prizes in that institution, Mr. Cordery in the presence of his Highness paid a high tribute to their good conduct and literary attainments. The deceased also leaves three daughters, who are all married into good families. —*Deccan Times.*

THE BOMBAY EAST INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

At the last quarterly meeting of the members of managing committee of the Bombay East Indian Association, it was resolved to establish branches of the Association in certain villages of Salsette and Bassein; to open a subscription list for giving effect to the scheme which has been devised for encouraging education among the East Indian community, and to convey to Mr. Daniel F. Leao, a member of the said committee, the best thanks of the Association for his enlightened liberality in offering a sum of Rs. 500 for the establishment of an annual prize to be given by the Association in the name of his late mother. In connection with the educational scheme devised by the Association, it is proposed to raise a fund by means of subscription, fancy bazaars, concerts, &c. Fancy bazaars will be held from time to time under the auspices of some of the principal ladies belonging to the community. The Association now counts upwards of 500 members, of whom some fifty are ladies, three of them being members of the managing committee. The Association was inaugurated on the 26th May in commemoration of the Jubilee of the Queen-Empress.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

Mr T M Filgate, Inspector General of Stamps, Bombay
* Mr Morton Frewen, Hyderabad
Mr and Mrs Taylor, Calcutta
* Capt and Mrs Liddiard and 2 Nowabera
* Captain Devitte
* Mr J E Henson
Mr B A Charlesworth
Mr R M Cameron
*Mr and Mrs Kugulmann, Europe
* Rev R H Slake, Bhosawal
* Lieut R P Schnieder, Kampti
Captain Pilcher
* Captain Sinclair, Poona
Mr J M Mitchell
Mr R G Webb, Bombay
Lieut and Mrs T S Marquis, H M S Trooship Malabar
* Mr and Mrs Young, H M Troopship Malabar.
Mr and Mrs Stevens, H M Trooship Malabar
Mrs Shakespear, H M Trooship Malabar
Mr Morris, H M Troopship Malabar
* Lieut E V Martin, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut E Kauntze, H M Trooship Malabar
* Lieut Robson, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut J Dorsett, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut W S Prince, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut W Ellis, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut F H Jacques, H M Troopship Malabar
* Lieut H Scott, H M Troopship Malabar
*Brigade-Surgeon Donaldson, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss J E Oxley, Lady Supt Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss C M Cook, Lady Supt Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss Maxwell Muller, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss M E Beresford, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss White, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
*Miss R A Betty, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss Welchmann, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
* Miss Harris, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut A Long, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut Hulke, H M Troopship Malabar
* Lieut Lascelles, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut J F Boyce, H M Troopship Malabar
Lieut Picton Jones, H M Troopship Malabar
* Surgeon-Major N B Major, Canonore
Major and Mrs James
Miss Lawson
Mr H O Veasey
* Miss Kelly, Nursing Sister, H M Troopship Malabar
Mr A Clarke, Bombay
Mr W Foster, Bombay
Surgeon-Major Foss
Mr Percey Moore, England
Mr Mrs Leigh, England
Surgeon Collie, I M D, Bombay
Mr M Schwer, Bombay
* Mr J Harper
Mr J W Fernie, Bombay
Mr A Couley, Bombay
Mrs Warwick, Bombay
Mr J M Heyn, Bombay
Mr Schwob, Bombay
Mr J Friedmann, Bombay
Mr Madden, Madras
Mr R H Roe
Mr M Floischer, Bombay
Mrs Vera Thompson, Bombay
Lieut Shelly, R E, Bombay
Mr James Greaves, Bombay
Baron de Gunzburg, Bombay
Lieut and Mrs Iremonger, H M Troopship Malabar
Colonel T A Scott, England
Lieut Price, England
Lieut Shakespear, England
Mr O H Clarke
Mr Rumbold, Calcutta
Colonel Halahon, Bareilly
Captain Burton, Mhow
Mr Dennis
Mr H Evans
Mrs Hearn
Mr Goldsmid

Residents left during the week mark (*) thus.

CALENDAR—MARCH, 1888.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon ..... March 28th, 2h. 587m., a.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-Rise.	Sun-Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 24	Bombay Legislative Council, Secretariat, 12 noon. Annual Inspection, Bo. Vol. Artillery and Bo. Vol. Rifles, Esplanade, 4-30 p.m. Jivraj Balloo S. & W. Co., Meeting, 1 p.m. Annual Meeting, Indo-British Institution, Mr. Justice Scott, presiding, 5-30 p.m. Cook's Moonlight Excursion, 8-30 p.m. Evening Party to Lord and Lady Reay at Readymoney House 9-30 p.m.	6	6	11 8 9	2m 24 a	2 37m 2 28 a
Sun. 25	Palm Sunday.	6	6	11 9 10	25m 2 a	3 25m 3 23 a
Mon. 26	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. English mail [illegible] per s.s. Massilia.	6	6	11 10 10	15m 30 a	4 6m 4 8 a
Tu. 27	Town Council, 3 p.m. Bombay Philharmonic Society's Concert, Town Hall, 9 p.m.	5	59	6 11 11	2m 16 a	4 45m 4 52 a
Wed. 28	Lecture, Free Church College, Khetwadi, 8-30 p.m.	5	59	6 12 11 11	45m 54 a	5 23m 5 33 a
Thr. 29	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	5	58	6 12	— 0	6 0m 26 a 6 12 a
Fri. 30	Good Friday. Departure of the English mail per s. s. Pekin.	5	57	6 12	0 1	32m 9 a 7 1 a

* Left Aden at 2 p.m., on Tuesday, 20th instant.

"ROUGH ON CATARRH."

Corrects offensive odours at once. Complete cure of worst chronic cases; also unequalled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath.

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REVISED ASSESSMENTS IN THE POONA DISTRICT.

WITH reference to the revised assessments in the Mawal Taluka of the Poona district for a period of thirty years, the Poona Sarvajanik Sabha through its secretary, Mr. Shivram Hari Sathe, has made a representation to Government on the subject of certain departures from the rules and regulations of Government. These departures, it is asserted, have prejudiced the interests of the ryots in the taluka, and if not corrected, might serve as precedents in respect of other talukas in which revised rates will hereafter be introduced. The Sabha's attention was drawn to these departures by the representations made from several of the villages; and partly on this account, but chiefly on account of the principles involved, it felt itself called upon to solicit the consideration of Government to the following points:—

These Mawal revised assessments were the first ordered by Government after the passing of the Amendment Act No. IV. of 1886. At the sitting of the Legislative Council on the 14th August 1886, when the amending Bill was read a second time and a third time, and passed, his Excellency the President made a declaration of the policy of Government in respect of the land revenue settlements, during the course of which he said that in future steps would be taken to notify the proposed rates early enough to afford an opportunity to the ryots of submitting observations before Government finally sanctioned them. In accordance with the promise contained in that speech Government soon after issued a Resolution directing that in regard to classification work the occupants of the land should be afforded the fullest opportunity of representing to the survey officers any improvements they might have effected and other circumstances which should be taken into accounts in fixing the values of the fields. As the classification work in Mawal had been finished long before this portion of the promise could not be carried out there in conformity with the intentions of Government.

The same Resolution ordered that at the time of assessment works villagers should communicate to the Survey officers, through the patels, any facts which deserved to be considered by those officers in fixing the standard of the new rates, and with a view to help the ryots to render this assistance it was directed by the Survey that statements, of proposed groups and maximum rates should be announced to the villagers in the vernacular of the district, and that these statements should show the existing and proposed maximum rates for each village. Further, any objections which the ryots had to urge against the grouping and the rates should be submitted in writing to the Collector through the patel and forwarded by him through the Survey and the Divisional Commissioner to Government.

It is in regard to this part of the work that the ryots in the Mawal Taluka have reason chiefly to complain. Their first complaint is that the Survey statements of groups and maximum rates were not notified as required by the Resolution. A copy of the printed statement is attached to this, and it will appear from that copy that the old and revision maximum rates for Jirayet lands are given in the statement, but for paddy or rice lands maximum rates are not given, but only the Sarasary or average rates are given. That there has been no mistake on this head due to inadvertence is shown by the fact that the maximum rates for paddy lands is as high as Rs. 6 to Rs. 8 per acre, while the average rates noticed in the statement vary from Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 3-7. It will be thus seen that under such circumstances the object sought to be attained by the preliminary notification of groups and maximum rates is defeated, because it can be easily understood that the notification of the average maximum rates, instead of having proved of any use to occupants, must have misled them, and that the omission to notify the maximum paddy rates was a departure from the instructions of Government which may have some explanation, but till such explanation is forthcoming, it is plain that the directions issued by Government have not been observed.

The importance of this matter will be made clear by the fact that the increase in the area of rice land was 3,871, acres. In other words, nearly 4,000 acres of dry crop land would appear to have been converted into paddy lands from their previous condition, and in the case of these lands so converted the ryots have a fair claim to be exempted from paying more than the maximum dry crop assessment leviable on these lands. This would represent a very considerable difference, and this is a point which deserves the special consideration of Government. The committee of the Sabha propose to submit a further representation on this point after they have obtained fuller information as regards the actual increases over old rates in the different villages and the different classes of lands. For the present they only draw the attention of Government to the fact that the statement notified by the Survey officers was incomplete and irregular.

This statement fails to give any information about garden lands. There is not a large area classed under this head, only 160 acres assessed at Rs. 323 being garden lands; but as these lands have to be assessed on different principles, it is necessary that as in the case of rice and dry crop lands the statement should furnish full information in regard to the maximum rates of these lands also.

The second point of the complaint urged by Mawal ryots relates to the fact of the undue haste with which the operations connected with the announcement and the introduction of the new rates were conducted. The statement referred to above was posted in March, 1887, in the villages. The sanction of Government to the new rates was given on 24th June, 1887, and their announcement was made between the 8th and 10th July, and only 60 days' notice was given to the ryots for resigning their lands if unable to pay the enhanced rates which came into operation from 1st August 1887. This summary of the different stages of the work will of itself show that full opportunity was not given as was contemplated by Government to the ryots to submit their representations. The committee of the Sabha understand, however, that notwithstanding this disadvantage, 93 petitions were submitted by the villagers against these rates, and that they were all rejected as showing no special grounds. From a comparison of the dates on which these petitions were made, there is great reason to fear that they were not received by Government before its resolution sanctioning the rates was passed. This apparently hurried despatch of so important a work places the ryots at great disadvantage, and the committee of the Sabha request that Government may be pleased to order an inquiry into the matter and to issue such additional rules as will ensure a more careful compliance with the orders of Government on the part of the Revenue officers in future.

Looking to the wording of sections 103 and 104 of Act V. of 1879, the committee of the Sabha see reason to doubt the policy and the legality of the action taken in this matter. Section 103, para. 2, requires that the Collector or his assistants shall cause public notice to be given at a reasonable time beforehand of the date when the assessment will be announced. Notices of the dates of announcements were circulated in the Mawal Taluka between the 4th and 5th July, and the actual announcements were made between the 8th and 12th July at the head-quarters. The season being the height of the monsoon, very few ryots were able to attend, and the intentions of the Legislature were thus not carried out. Section 104 provides that the revised assessment so introduced shall be levied only from the next following year, and that in the year in which the announcement is made the difference between the old and new assessment, where the latter is in excess of the former, shall be remitted, and the second para. of the same section provides that in the year next following any occupant dissatisfied with the increased rate shall, on resigning his land before 31st March, receive a remission of the increase. This section thus clearly contemplates that a considerable interval shall be allowed to the ryots to make their choice, and that the revised assessments shall be announced at such a time in the year as will permit the ryot to hold his lands on the old terms in that year and obtain a remission in the next year if he resigns before March. These provisions of the law have been ignored in the introduction of the Mawal rates. The announcement was made in the last few days of the official year 1886-87, several months after the whole revenue had been realized and the accounts made up on the footing of the old rates. The ryots were thus deprived of the protection of para. 1, section 104. In requiring them to choose whether they will resign or hold on before the 15th July another irregularity was committed, which deprived them of the protection intended by the second para. of the same section. In both these ways the action taken appears to be opposed to the express provision of the Code. If the year 1886-87 is to be regarded as the year of the introduction of revised assessments in Mawal, it is plain that Jamabandi and the accounts of that year made on the old footing would have to be recast, and in the case of those ryots, the assessment on whose holdings has been lowered in the revision settlement, Government will be bound to make a refund if the claim was made. And even on the supposition of the revised rates being introduced in 1886-87 the period to be allowed to the ryots to resign their holdings or otherwise would have to be extended to March, 1888. All these difficulties would have been avoided if the Collector and his assistants had notified the rates in November, 1887, and these rates were leviable from 1st August, 1888. The committee of the Sabha therefore request that inquiries may be ordered as to how far the proceedings of the district officers were legal and regular. Even if they were technically legal and regular, the committee of the Sabha further request that Government will be pleased in consideration of the points urged above to reconsider the matter, and order that the revised rates shall be regarded as introduced in the official year 1887-88 instead of 1886-87, and permit the ryots to hold on at the old rates for the current year, and allow them choice to resign up to March, 1888, if they are dissatisfied with the new rates.

The committee of the Sabha observe that these Mawal rates were introduced against the recommendations of the Acting Survey Commissioner, who disapproved of the groups and maximum rates proposed. They are desirous of submitting their representation in regard to the justice or otherwise of the rates proposed after fuller inquiries, and after a perusal of all the official papers on the subject when duly published by Government. They have for the present advisedly confined themselves to the consideration of the procedure followed on this occasion. If the one year's term be extended as proposed above, they feel sure that the Mawal ryots will have no objection to pay in kind, but they would also congratulate the head matter and the head mistress, who have during the past year bestowed all their energies on your tuition. And I know that I am speaking in your name, when I also offer our best thanks to Lady Sassoon and Mr. E. D. Sassoon, who are always to the front whenever there is good work to be done for their co-religionists in this town or in any other part of this presidency. (Applause.) I hope that a bright future is in store for this school if it continues in the future to work steadily on the lines on which it has hitherto worked. Besides preparing pupils for those industrial arts in which you have always shown the efforts which are now being made to give to the University, some of your best scholars will, I have no doubt, meet with the success which they deserve. (Loud applause.)

The prizes having been distributed by Lady Reay, Mr. S. D. Sassoon proposed a vote of thanks to Lord and Lady Reay. He said that as president of the local branch of the Association, under whose auspices this school had been working for many years, he begged to offer the thanks of the society and of this meeting to his Excellency the Governor for the kind manner in which he had responded to their invitation to preside on this occasion, and for his courtesy and consideration in the chair that day. It was, indeed, a red letter day in the annals of the school, and the visit of Lady Reay and the eloquent address just delivered by his Excellency would long be remembered by all connected with the institution. A very useful work was being actively carried on in an unobtrusive manner under the supervision of the indefatigable president of the School Committee, Mr. Haeem Samuel, and the encouraging words which had fallen from the noble chairman would tend to inspire both pupils and teachers with renewed zeal, and lead them to make further and more strenuous efforts to continue their advance along the path of progress and enlightenment. The community, to which the pupils of this school belonged, was one that had proved itself loyal and law-abiding on all occasions, and as its intelligence was beyond question, nothing but good could result, if it were assisted to attain a higher level of education. He hoped therefore that at no very distant time the institution might be placed by the fostering care of Government in a position to teach up to the Matriculation standard. Mr. Sassoon concluded by thanking the Governor, on behalf of himself and Lady Sassoon, for his kind and complimentary references to them. (Applause.)

The Hon. Mr. West, in seconding the proposition, said he had been asked by the directors of the institute to say a few words, and they would be as few as was compatible with his tendency to grow longer than he ought. His first words should be those of congratulation to their Excellencies Lord and Lady Reay on their presence there; for nothing, he was sure, came home to their sympathies more surely and more deeply than to find themselves in the midst of an assembly, such as was to be seen there, of men who were all themselves deeply interested in the work which they were assembled to commemorate. He knew nothing which was more exhilarating to one who felt an interest in the advancement and welfare of his fellow-creatures, no matter what class or race they belonged to, than to find themselves surrounded by such sympathies, when they found themselves animated with a common feeling of delight in the progress that had been made, and were moved by a determination to make success greater still. This feeling, he was sure, came home to the hearts of Lord and Lady Reay who had earned the thanks of the assembly for their kindness and condescension in coming there to preside on the occasion. It had always been a feature of the Governors of Bombay that they had manifested a great deal of interest in the cause of education; but in none of them, perhaps, had that interest been so brilliantly displayed as in his Excellency who presided there that evening. (Applause.) Long before his connection with this country, his interest in education was manifested in his own country, and since he had been here, he had in no way falsified the hopes which had been built on his preceding career. He had, on the contrary, in every way exerted himself in the cause of education, feeling, no doubt, as he (Mr. West) himself did with deep interest and sympathy, that on education depended the good of the Israelite, as well as any other community under the British Crown. Wherever the British flag rises, there were always some members of the Israelite community playing a very useful and intelligent part in all that was tending to the advancement of mankind. It must be a source of great gratification to the assembly that his Excellency had held up their great traditions so well to their view, and the honourable gentleman trusted that the Governor's presence there would tend to give that lift which it so often did to the institutions over which he had presided. He hoped that the present occasion would stimulate the institution to take a distinct step forward in progress, and that next year they would see the marks of the benefits which the institution had received from the attendance that day of Lord and Lady Reay. He remembered very well, when he was a boy, receiving a prize from a lady, less distinguished and occupying a less brilliant position than what Lady Reay was filling, and yet the thrill of joyful pride which went into his bosom on receiving the prize from her hands kept him a good boy, he was sure, for at least a month from that time. (Laughter.) He hoped that the influence on those who had received prizes that day at the hands of Lady Reay would be more durable, and that they would, in future, become worthy members of that great society in which they would enjoy equal rights and equal advantages with all the other subjects of the British Crown. In conclusion, he congratulated students of the Jewish race to show that they were determined to win for themselves in society a position equal to the great and brilliant antecedents handed down to them by their ancestors. (Applause.)

The Governor and Lady Reay were decorated by an Israelite lady with garlands of flowers before they left. They were greeted with much cheering, as they drove away. It was announced that Mr. Noormahomed Jairaj Peerbhoy, had presented the institution a sum of Rs. 500 for the purchase of a piano.

THE GOVERNOR AND LADY REAY AT THE BENI-ISRAELITE SCHOOLS.

PRIZES were distributed on Thursday evening to the deserving pupils, boys and girls, of the Beni-Israelite Schools of the Anglo-Jewish Institution. The Governor and Lady Reay graced the occasion with their presence, and the school premises at Khuduk were tastefully decorated in honour of the distinguished personages. The hall was filled with representatives belonging to all classes of the community, among whom were the Hon. Raymond West, Mr. S. D. Sassoon, Mr. Lee-Warner, Professor Forrest, and Mr. Nana Moroji. Mr. Haeem Solomon, the president, and secretary of the school committee, read the report, from which we give the following extracts:—

The Beni-Israel community of the Bombay Presidency, having lagged behind other people in point of education owing to their religious scruples, their inability to pay the fees of Government schools and the hostile criticism made in other institutions, the Anglo-Jewish Association of London, opened in 1881 the Israelite school, for diffusing secular and religious knowledge among them. At its opening the school taught the Vernacular as far as Standard III. to girls, and Anglo-Vernacular as far as Standard III. to boys, but on receipt of timely assistance from Government and the Sassoon family, classes for teaching Vernacular Standard IV. to girls, and Anglo-Vernacular Standards IV. and V. to boys were added. Since then it is doing good and steady work, but it has remained stationary. The instruction imparted therein is therefore incomplete, and the Beni-Israel students, who leave the school after finishing their Anglo-Vernacular Standard V., have to encounter the same difficulties which they had to struggle against, before its establishment. Moreover, the school being dependent upon contributions from various sources, its stability may be endangered at any time, for, any dimunition in the amount of support received by it, will not only seriously affect its condition, but may threaten its very existence. A permanent endowment of its own, which will enable it to give education as far as the Matriculation course, with all the necessary adjuncts, such as a gymnasium, a good library, apparatus, is therefore a great desideratum. There is also a great necessity for a workshop being attached to this school, where the boys, who cannot avail themselves of a good education for want of means and intelligence, can be taught the elements of a trade, which will provide them with the means of living in after life. The opening of the shop in question will certainly ameliorate the condition of a majority of Beni-Israels, as this community chiefly consists of artizans, and day-labourers, living from hand to mouth. The wants of the institution cannot be provided for, unless rich and philanthropic gentlemen, without distinction of caste and creed, clime and country, come forward and lend a helping hand to its work, which tends to improve the condition of the children of veteran Beni-Israel officers and soldiers, and that of the children of their brethren. Their military services, in all the campaigns in which the Indian Army has taken part, deserve to be rewarded with a due provision for the education of their children, which can only be effected by placing this institution on a sound and permanent basis. After quoting an extract from the report of the Deputy Educational Inspector the report continued:—The school consists of four branches—boys' Vernacular and Anglo-Vernacular, and girls' Vernacular and Anglo-Vernacular. The Anglo-Vernacular branch for girls was opened in 1885 as an experimental measure, and this experiment has proved successful. The girls have been taught English as far as Standard IV. without any extra cost to the school; but as it is impossible to make provision for the further progress of girls in English, without an addition to the staff, the services of a European mistress on Rs. 50 a month had to be employed since February last. We have now to mention that in addition to the subjects laid down in Standards published by the Educational Department, Hebrew is taught in this institution from the lower classes, so that three different languages—English, Marathi and Hebrew—are simultaneously taught here. The drawing-class, opened in connection with this school about a year and half ago, has made good progress during the year under report, and bids fair to be a satisfactory beginning towards technical education. The number of pupils, as it stood on the rolls on the 1st March 1888, was 158 boys and 86 girls. We are glad to mention the visit of Brigade-Surgeon Dr. J. Gregory, M.Ch.D., Physician to H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar, on 9th May 1887. He was pleased to give a small donation which was accepted with many thanks. In conclusion, the Beni-Israels have to offer their heartfelt thanks for the support which the institution has hitherto received from the Anglo-Jewish Association, the Government of Bombay, and the Sassoon family.

The school children then went through a programme of music and recitations in Hebrew, English and Marathi. Three girls had learnt by heart an essay on female education, which they spoke before the assembly. A young lad in the same way had been prepared with an address upon the position of the Jews, who, he said, in the course of eulogistic remarks, were "an omnipresent and an ever-dreaded race."

H. E. the Governor then addressed the meeting. He said:—

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I confess that I am rather alarmed in having to address the rising generation of what has just now been called "an omnipresent and ever-dreaded race" (laughter); and if I am not out of order, I should wish to move an amendment, and call it a race, which has always been distinguished by very high domestic virtues to which many of the most gifted individuals in the world's history have belonged. (Hear, hear.) I am aware that this school is doing very good work under very great difficulties. All good work is done under difficulties, and no success is worth anything which does not result from conquered difficulties. With respect to the exercises which we have heard to-day, I am sorry to say I cannot judge of the Hebrew accent, though I admit that the Hebrew conversation, which we witnessed, seemed to me to be of a very lively description. (Applause.) What we have heard to-day of English song and English prose does not justify as regards those pupils the remark of the Educational Inspector with reference to the English accent, though he naturally would be right with regard to those we have not heard. If the latter take their clue from those we have heard, I am sure that these schools will obtain a character for good English pronunciation. I am very pleased to be here for this reason that before I left England, my lamented friend the late Sir Salar Jung, one of the most distinguished administrators whom this presidency has known, said to me, "I hope you will take an interest in the Beni-Israelite schools. (Applause.) I trust that to-day I am acting in accordance with his wishes. I am sure it would have given Sir Barrow Ellis the greatest pleasure to see the success which crowns the efforts of the managing committee of your school to raise by degrees the standard. In this process, there is perhaps one danger which should be guarded against, namely, that the intrinsic value of the education given should be imperilled by its premature expansion, and by overtaxing the strength of the staff. To your teachers, as well as to yourselves such a result could not be pleasing or beneficial. We must not impair the freshness and spirits of teachers and pupils. A very distinguished teacher in Bengal told me of his sad experience in this respect. When I warm up to my subject, when I am carried away by the interest of the subject matter, and when in consequence I get beyond the primer and outside the probable examination papers my pupils at once become listless and say or think "This is of no use for our next examination," whereas it is of the greatest use to them from a purely educational and a scientific point of view. (Hear, hear.) Now I trust that in this school, if it ever should happen that your teacher should seem to you to go off the line, you, boys and girls will not think or ask, "are you quite in

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED, a GIG in good condition, about 25 feet long, for one of the steamers of H. H. the Sultan of Zanzibar.—Apply immediately to VISRAM IBRAHIM & Co., Agents, Khoja Mohla.

WANTED, a CLERK, with thorough knowledge of Marine and Fire Insurance business and accounts. Must be a good Correspondent.—Apply to "A. B." care of this Paper.

ANY NATIVE PRINCE or other Capitalist wishing to invest 2 or 3 lacs on a magnificent residence in Bombay, Malabar Hill side, should communicate with "A.," care of this Paper.

DR. DHUNJEEBHOY RUTTONJEE, Tent Merchant, New and Second-Hand tents for sale and hire.

FRENCH PRUNES, Re. 1 per 3lb., fresh stock, crystallised Fruits, Paris Confectionery, &c.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Bombay.

CALIFORNIAN FRUITS, Pears, Peaches, Apricots, and Plums, 1lb. 10-3 per doz. Tart Fruits, Re. 1 per doz. assorted.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Medows street, Fort, Bombay.

COOKING STOVES of all descriptions purchase on the Hire system. Illustrated Catalogue now ready.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Bombay.

DAILY BAZAAR PURVEYING to local and Mofussil Residents. Fish, Ice, Vegetables, Fruits, &c.—CO-OPERATIVE STORES, Ld., Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE, TO-DAY, at 4 p.m., valuable freehold ground at Byculla, near Victoria Gardens, admeasuring about 1,500 square yards.

AUCTION SALE of Col. Forteath's valuable household furniture, &c., at No. 6, Marine Lines, TO-DAY, at 1 p.m.

WHY worry yourselves and your friends? while SERVANTS thoroughly efficient and reliable can be engaged for you for a mere trifling fee by Jno. ATKINSON & SONS., 18, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.

AT MAHABLESHWAR "Ripon" is the only Hotel which is patronized by the Commanders of the Royal Navy.

WHAT can you buy cheaper than this, and where else? Wine Glasses, 1 anna; Soda Glasses, 2 annas; Tea-sets, 27 pieces, Rs. 3-4; Dinner, 50 pieces, Rs. 23. Cheapest at SHROFF BROTHERS.

TO-DAY'S ICES.—Vanilla, Peaches, Lemon, and Rose; also Wines and Spirits of the best qualities, to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, No. 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

COOK'S STEAM LAUNCH runs to ELEPHANTA at frequent intervals. It has been specially fitted up for Picnics, and is available for private parties to Elephants, &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and SON.

L. J. MYCKOFF, M.D., Accoucheur. Specialty—diseases of women, skin disease, and diseases of the eye and ear. Fee according to means.

DR. KHORY'S BOMBAY MATERIA MEDICA. Price, Rs. 6. Union Press, Dhobitalao; Radhabai, and Gopal Narayan, Kalbadevi.

DOCTOR P. MERLO gives GRATIS CONSULTATION, every Tuesday Thursday, and aturday, from 2 to 3 p.m., at his Office, 43, Hornby Road.

AGING and MEASURING.—Horses will be aged and measured at the Race Course on MONDAY, the 26th March, at 7 a.m.

INVALIDS or CHILDREN PROCEEDING to ENGLAND, can obtain the services of a lady who is a trained nurse, in exchange for free passage.—Apply to Dr. EDITH PECHEY, Cama Hospital, Bombay.

C. JOST & Co., SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS.—Repairs to Theodolites, Sextants, Compasses, Barometers, &c., under Guarantee. First-class Testimonials from Princes, the Army, Railway and Steam Navigation Companies.

AN elderly woman is willing to take charge of children out of arms in return for her passage home 2nd class to England. As she only came to Bombay in November last there will be a reduction of 20 per cent. up to 25th May—Apply "J. S." care of Messrs. King, King & Co., Bombay.

THE PALL MALL HAIR CUTTING SALOON and TOILET CLUB, for Ladies and Gentlemen, Hair and beards clipped and brushed by machinery. Wigs and Theatrical Articles for Amateurs, Perfumery and Toilet Requisites from the best Houses in London and Paris. Proprietor: F. FINKELSTEIN, 75b, Esplanade Road, Fort.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, (Opposite Municipal Offices). TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. Entirely under European Management.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA.—

POONA HOTEL, POONA. To a Private

MATHERAN SEASON OPENED, ALEXANDRA and VICTORIA HOTELS open for visitors and families.

KUNDALLA TO LET. "Victoria Lodge"

MATHERAN—CLARENDON HOTEL is now open to visitors, with EXCELLENT table and accommodation. Terms very moderate. Apply to the Proprietor.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL, Mahableshwar, Replete with every comfort. Best view, Excellent Table, First-rate Wines. Terms moderate. Apply to C. COWASJEE SHAPOORJEE, Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS CLUB HOTEL for Parsee Gentlemen at "Laughoha House," Mahableshwar. Entrance fee, Rs. 25 per annum. Board and Lodging Rs. 4 per day. Only 10 Members admitted. Apply to the Proprietors, Fountain Hotel, Mahableshwar.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, (Opposite Municipal Offices). TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. Entirely under European Management.

COMFORTABLE BOARD and LODGING with FURNISHED ROOM can be had for a married couple or 2 single Gentlemen with a European family at Bandora.—Apply to H, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET, Bungalows at Falkland Road, with nice gardens. Rent, Rs. 50 to 100. Apply to R. M. RUTNAGAR, Share Market.

TO BE LET, 3 large airy Rooms, Kitchen, Bath-room, etc., situated in a nice garden in Mazagon. Rent moderate. Stabling if required.—Apply to "C. S." care of this Paper.

ELPHINSTONE LODGE, MATHERAN.—TO BE LET, for the season, fully furnished, and in excellent repair.—Apply J. DICKSON, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

TO BE SOLD or LET (STONE HOUSE), Louisa Point, Matheran.—Apply to the Advocate-General's Office, High Court.

FOR SALE.—6 CARDING ENGINES, 40in wide, by Messrs. Platt Brothers.—Apply MANAGER Coorla Mills.

SINGER'S FOR CASH OR EASY TERMS SEWING MACHINES 5, CHURCH GATE STREET.

ICES! ICES!! Every day three kinds of Ices. Fresh Pastry, English and French Confectionery.—MORENAS & Co., General Merchants.

WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS.—A large stock to hand, lined green, strong frames, near natural handles, Rs. 6. BADHAM, PILE & CO., Ld.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Blackwood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co. 15, Meadow Street.

FOR SALE.—The pleasure yacht "ANNIE MAUN," of 15 tons burthen, with a very comfortable cabin. Apply to Mr. J. N. TATA, Victoria Buildings, Fort.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, imported at regular intervals from Cairo direct by P. and O. Mail Steamer, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 2-12 per 100. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINDAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

JUST ARRIVED NEW PATENT ARISTONS, with Iron Axles and Brass Wheels, with 12 Tunes and packing case complete, Rs. 40.—L. STEFENAURI, 3, Church Gate Street, Fort.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Fanciful Articles in Silver, Electro and Gilt ware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection Solicited. Latest Novelties in Artistic Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

FOR SALE.—An iron-frame grinding MILL, fitted with 2ft. 8in. dia. French burr stones, driven by bullock gear, complete in every respect, and capable of grinding 100 Maunds of wheat or other grain per 12 hours. May be seen and particulars obtained at 491 Falkland Road, Byculla.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGE to Mofussil residents. As we wish that our superior K. V. TEAS can be drunk in every household, a parcel of 7lbs. will be sent free of railway charges. Price list on application.—D. NATHA & Co., 68 Mechanic, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SERIOUS REFLECTIONS and other CONTRIBUTIONS by the late GEORGE ABRAHAM MACKAY under the nom de plume, OUR POLITICAL ORACLE. Cloth bound. Rs. 2-8; Postage, 4 annas.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months. Re. 4 per month in advance; postage extra.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—CONTINUED.

JUST RECEIVED, a choice consignment of COOKING STOVES of various sizes. Adapted both for wood or coal.—GEYER and Co., Ld., Hornby Row, Bombay.

FEW cases of PERAMBULATORS and BASSINETTES, from the best London Manufacturers, are now on view at "The Europe Provision and General Store," 32, Apollo Street. Prices beyond competition.

CLOCKS and TIMEPIECES for offices, travelling, hall, &c., from Rs. 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20 and upwards.—KANNY & Co., Watch-makers, Jewellers Rampart Row.

IF you are really in want of good servants apply at once to MOONSHY & Co., General Merchants, Commission Agents, Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25.

KNOWLEDGE of Drawing not necessary Lessons to Ladies in Lustre Paintings, Kartaline Canvesine, Crystoleum, Painted Lace, Porcelain Painting and Crewel Painting by a Diplomaed Lady. Terms at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

MATERIALS for Crystoleum Lustre, Canvasine, Crewel Paints, Dresden Art Lustre, Velvet Photographs, Designs drawn to order. Also Photos painted in Crystoleum, Canvasine and Kartaline from smallest to largest size. Address by letter "ARTISTE," care of this Office.

REMARKABLE DISAPPEARANCE!!! Re. 1 paid either for Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture, at Dr. Batliwalla, Dadur, Bombay, or at Cooper, Madon and Co., Chemists, Fort, or at Dantra & Co., Tea Merchants, Church Gate Street, Fort. Will be returned if he Ague or Intermittent Malarious fever does not abate by its use!!

SURGEON-MAJOR A. S. G. JAYAKAR, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—I have used BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE with success in some obstinate cases of Intermittent Fever, and have pleasure in recommending it as a safe reliable and remedy.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1888. With photographs of Kattywar Princes. Cloth bound Rs. 5-postage, 4 annas.

AGRICULTURAL BANKS for INDIA; by W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Annas 8; postage, 1 anna.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.
(Near School of Art, Esplanade)

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION will be held on SATURDAY, 24th March at half-past five o'clock p.m., in the New school Building. The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Scott will preside.

BUSINESS.

To receive the Reports of the Committee, and the Audited Accounts for 1887.

To declare the election of Members of Committee for the ensuing year.

The proceedings will be followed by a Distribution of Prizes to the Children.

Friends and supporters of the Institution are cordially invited to attend.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P.M.
Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Opposite to P. W. Department.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:
TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER
AT THE
ORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS
IN GUJARAT,
BEING
A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS
CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
Appendix containing the Resolutions of the
ombay Government, dated the 26th March
nd 25th July, 1884, respectively
rice, Re.; postage, 1 Anna
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
*AGENTS WANTED.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,
FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.,
TREATS cases of accidents and injuries scientifically as well as according to the approved native system.
No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.
(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

PARSEEISM AND ITS PLACE IN HISTORY
A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(in pamphlet form)
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*.
Annas 2. Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S
ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Inferior instruments have recently been introduced under a name which closely resembles theirs Intending purchasers should therefore satisfy themselves that the name on the Piano they are getting is Schiedmayer and Soehne.
Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.
THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE Cash Rs. 720.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. „ 36.
The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. „ 38.
Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Stations, Bombay or Poona.
Address: MARCKS & Co., Limited,
Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs.
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE.
AUTHORISED

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
CAREFULLY adapted to correct all defect of vision.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
(Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India.)
Offices.—Old Bond Street London.
3 & 4 Hare Street Calcutta. Rampart Row Bombay.
MAJOR GENERAL SIR MICHAEL BIDDULPH, C. B., writes:—
I have much pleasure on leaving India to acknowledge the excellency of the Spectacles you have furnished me, and I shall always gladly recommend your Pebble Spectacles to my friends.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an alphabetical index of Buildings and
Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stand, &c.
Complete and easy referen
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE s s Auretta, 1,729 tons, Captain G W Read, sailed yesterday for Vizagapatam, in ballast.

THE s s Manitoba, 1,386 tons, Capt R G Warrick, from Middlesborough (Feb 17), arrived in port yesterday, laden with a cargo of machinery. Her agents here are Messrs J Mackintosh and Co.

THE B I S N coasting steamer Coconada, Captain J Anderson, sailed from Bombay, yesterday, for Karachi and the Coast ports, laden with a general cargo and the following passengers:—For Kurrachee.—Mr. Foster. For various ports—Sixty-two deck.

THE s s Kt of St John, 2,286 tons, Captain J P Bevis, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning, laden with a cargo of 4,156 tons coals from Cardiff (Feb 25) for the B B and C I R Co. She is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE B I S N steamer Busheer, Captain J Skinner, with mails from Marmagoa and the Coast ports, arrived in port yesterday morning. She had the following passengers:—Captain Grayne, Messrs. G L Argentine, A B Jones, Clark, H G Gell, Davis, and 429 deck.

THE Ship Udston, 1,795 tons, Captain A Dill, arrived in port on Thursday evening, laden with a cargo of 2,420 tons Powel Duffrin coals from Cardiff, which port she left on the 22nd Nov last year. She spoke the barque Thurland Castle and the ship Patriach. She is consigned to her Captain.

THE B I S N Co's Persian Gulf mail steamer Satara, Captain J C Tice, arrived in Bombay yesterday from Busreh via Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—From Busreh.—Mr Read, Dr McCallister, Mrs Cuthbert, Mr E A W Budge, and Mr Papozion. From Karachi.—Colonel Scott, Lieut Shakespear, Mr C Price, Captain RBrook, Mr and Mrs Frankhin, Lieut and Mrs Burchell and two daughters, and Mr Hollier and infant. From different ports.—Sixty-two deck.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O steamer Surat, Captain J L Parfitt, sailed this morning with the China and Australian mails for Colombo and Shanghai, the following passages having been engaged:—For Sydney.—Major and Mrs James and Miss Lawson. For Melbourne.—Mr H C Bass. For Yokohama.—Mr. R B Brooke, Captain Burton, Lieutenant Dennis and Mr and Mrs Franklin. For Hongkong.—Mr S Fuke. For Colombo.—Mr and Mrs Leigh, Mr P G Moore, and Baron Von Gunzburg.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. COMPANY.

THE following passengers will proceed by the s. s. Pandora, which leaves to-morrow, Sunday, at 12 noon:—

FOR TRIESTE.—Colonel and Mrs. A. H. Barrow, two children and ayah, Mrs. Whitly, and child, Mrs. Thompson, Captain W. Hastings and one deck.

FOR ADEN.—Mr. G. Luccardi, Mirza F. Khan and four deck.

The following passages have been engaged by the s.s. Medusa sailing 1st April:—

Mr. and Mrs. Buskin, Mr. and Mrs. Hock and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Dimelhuber and four children, Mr. Bristed and Mr. Whitemore.

The following passages have been engaged by the s. s. Titania, sailing 7th April:—

Colonel and Mrs. Boileau, Colonel and Mrs. E. Gunthorpe, Mr. and Mrs. F. Stockinger and two children, Miss Gyorfy, Mr. and Mrs. Eble and child, Mr. and Mrs. Lauffer, Mrs. Northon, Miss E. Bertsch, Mrs. J. Janni, Lieutenant-Colonel MacMillan, two Masters Wright, Mr. J. Dorken, Rev. Charles Schlersch, Mr. F. Schlegel, Mr. J. Brandenburg, Mr. H. Fischer, Mr. Minck, Mr. W. J. H. Brown, Mr. W. T. Spink, Mr. J. H. Lewis.

The following passages have been engaged by the s. s. Orion, sailing 25th April:—

Colonel and Mrs. Wardrope, Miss Wardrope, Mr. R. H. Scott.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—MARCH 23.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Surat	1676	Parfitt	A	P. & O. Co.
„ Hajeen	1542	Newey	C	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Merton Hall	2644	J. Hughes	D	E. Bates & Co.
„ C. Mackenzie	1927	S. Beer	F	F. Muir & Co.
„ Haverton	1643	J. Peters	H	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Anama	2449	F. R. Newell	K	K. Nixon & Co.
„ City of Canterbury	2099	A. B. Gray	L	Sir Charles Forbes & Co.
„ Bormida	1499	G. D. Dagnino	M	F. Bozzoni.
„ Arara	2666	Mackinlay	N	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Brocadalle	1416	J. Notman	O	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Rialto	1798	F. Kerr	P	F. Muir & Co.
„ R. Rubattino	3044	G. Merello	Q	F. Bazzoni.
„ Friary	1505	T. R. Evan	Ibis	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ P. Hendak	2041	Collin	..	Visram Ebram.

VICTORIA DOCK.

„ St. Regulu	2031	Henry	..	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Gem	1361	Nicholl	..	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Sumatra	1406	W. E. Breeze	..	Hajee Cassum & Co.
„ Glenmavis	1825	J. G. Wright	..	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Nedjed	1738	J. M. Reid	..	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
22	Udstone (ship)	Dill	Cradiff, March 23.
23	Busheer (s)	Skinner	Marmagoa
	Satara (s)	Tice	Busreh, Mar. 9.
	Kt. of St. John (s).	Bevis	Cardiff Feb. 25.
	Manitoba (s)	Warrick	Middlesbro' Feb. 17.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
23	Nurjehan (s)	Mason	Coast and Calcutta.
	Coconada (s)	Anderson	Coast and Karachi.
	Auretta (s)	Read	Vizagapatam.
	Bengal (s)	Andrews	London & Brindisi.

The following vessels cleared out yesterday:—
Steamer Surat, Parfitt, for Colombo and Shanghai.
Brig Keerata Roodrin, Nakoda, for Moulmein & Quilon.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Satara, for Karachi and Gulf.
„ Busheer, for Marmagoa, &c.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 21.

Ames, Captain, Bengal, W Riding Regt, on medical certificate, from Mian Meer.

MARCH 22.

Aislabie, Lt-Col, Bengal, 3rd Sikhs, on leave, to Europe, from Abbottabad.
Burton, Captain, Bombay, R H A, on leave, from Mhow.
Dennis, Lieut, Bombay, R H A, on leave, to Japan, from Mhow.
Craig, Surgeon-Major, Bombay, Med Staff, on duty, from Burma.

MARCH 23.

Burchell, Lieut, Bombay, Ordnance Dept, on transfer, from Aden
Shakespear, Lieut, Benga: Staff Corps, from Karachi.
Thomas, Capt, Bombay, Poona Horse, on sick leave from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 23.

Candy, Captain, 14th Bombay Infantry, on leave, to Poona.
Long, 2nd Lt, Bengal, Leinster Regt, to join, 1st appt, to Calcutta.
Fagan, Lt-Col, Bo. Comt Dept, on leave, to Nussecrabad.
Aislabie, Lt-Col, 3rd Sikhs, on leave, to Europe.
Eyre, Lieut, Bengal, R A, to rejoin, to Burma.
Street, Col, Madras, Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.
Boyce, Lt, Rl Warwick Regt, on transfer, to Jubbulpore.
Iremerger, 2nd Lieut, Bombay, Durham L I, on duty, to Poona.
Sullivan, Lieut, Bengal, Leicester Regt, on duty, to Lucknow.
Marquis, 2nd Lieut, Bengal, S W Borderers, on probation, to Calcutta.
Cameron, 2nd Lt, Bengal, RA, on duty to Mian Meer.
Vowell, Lt, Bengal Leicester Regt, on duty, to Lucknow.
Stevens, R Madras, R H A, on duty, to Bangalore.
Kirly, 2nd Lieut, R A, Bengal, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Mathews, Colonel, Bengal Staff Corps, on duty, to Umballa.
Purvis, Captain, Bengal R A, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.
Bombay, 24th March, 1888.

1. The Corps will parade for the annual Inspection by the Brigadier-General this day, Saturday, the 24th instant. Fall in opposite the Gymkhana at 4-30 p.m. Red uniform with helmets and accoutrements to be worn. All unable to attend must send in sick certificate, or apply for leave to Officer Commanding Company. Members who are at the Tram terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road, Girgaum, and Prince's Dock at 3-50 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid, and members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors.

2. In accordance with District Order No. 469 of 1st March, the candidates for proficiency certificates will attend at head-quarters at 7 a.m. this morning for examination. Dress, red uniform and side arms.

3. The Colaba range will be available for Class-firing every afternoon until the end of the month.

4. It is hoped that every endeavour will be made by members during next week to complete the required number of drills.

By order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 23.

At yesterday's quotation of 101⅞ through Reuter, Consols show a recovery of ⅛ per cent. The price of Silver comes unchanged, through the same medium, at 43 3-16d. per oz. Rupee Securities were unaltered in value, as also was Indian Sterling Loan. Rentes were still quoted in Paris at 107.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending on Wednesday showed an increase in the Bank's Reserve of one per cent., its proportion to the Liabilities having increased to 45 per cent.

The weekly shipments of specie consisted of £190,000 to this Port, and £60,000 to Calcutta, all Silver.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed last evening with a hardening tendency, which was not apparent in spot quotations which were unchanged with the exception of a decline of 1-16d. in "Fine" Dhollera. The day's Sales, however, at 14,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats, reached higher figures than we have been accustomed to of late, and exceeded the morning's forecast by 2,000 bales; while American Arrivals were 1-32d. higher in all positions. The Manchester Market was quiet, but steady at previous quotations.

This morning's opening message reports the Liverpool Market steady; probable Sales, 10,000 bales; Imports, 1,000 bales.

In New York, spot Mid-Uplands and July Futures were unchanged at 10 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 5,000 bales; and the figures now give the following comparison between the present and two preceding years:—

	1888	1887	1886
Thursday's Receipts	5,000	5,000	7,000
Five days' do.	40,000	25,000	52,000
Since 1st Sept. '87	5,030,000	5,011,000	4,756,000

The somewhat improved state of the Liverpool Market, as recorded above, has caused a steady feeling here to-day; but though dealers named a rupee or two higher in quotations all round in the morning, their pretensions could not be sustained in the face of little enquiry even at previous rates, and at closing it was only in Broach, which has been freely made the medium of speculative operations between dealers, that any advance was noticeable. Business has been upon a small scale, the principal purchases of ready Cotton reported being some 500 bales of Ginned Julgaum, at Rs. 205; and a few hundred bales of Mowa, at Rs. 210. A little old Comptа was also taken at Rs. 170. Forward, some contracts in Dharwar were made for May delivery, at Rs. 203 per candy.

WHEAT is not wanted at current rates by exporters, and only a small business between dealers is reported at our previous quotations. Ekdani and Hard Yellow of the new crop are now arriving daily.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* continues quiet at our previous quotations, demand for export being in abeyance. Supplies of new seed are now arriving daily. *Rapeseed* is firm, and we hear that several exporters are in the market as buyers of Yellow Cawnpore and Brown Delhi, and our last quotations are well maintained.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	14,604 bales.
Wheat	26,875 cwt.
Linseed	15,714 „
Rapeseed	3,938 „
Gingelly	4,171 „
Groundnuts	4,735 „

FREIGHTS may be called firm at the following quotations, at which ready business is reported for the U. K. and for several Continental Ports:—

Cotton.

Liverpool	18s. 9d.,	20s. to 22s. 6d. per ton	
London	18s. 9d.	20s. to 21s. to 6d.	„
Open Charter	21s. to 21s. 3d.		„
Havre	20s.	21s. 3d.	„
Dunkirk	20s.	21s. 3d.	„
Antwerp	20s.		„
Marseilles	20s.		
Genoa	19s. 6d.	20s.	„
Trieste & Venice.	30s. to	31s. 3d.	at par „

EXCHANGE.—Although our rates are not quotably lower either for Bank Bills or Credits than they closed at last evening, and a fair amount of business has been passing during the day, the feeling of the market has been weak, the large amount of Silver shipped this week, as reported above, having helped to check any symptoms of improvement. We quote:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 4 15-32d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 4 7-16d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 4 17-32d.	„
Credits do.	1s. 4 5-8d.	„
Francs do.	1-75½	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been very quiet to-day, and we hear of nothing to speak of having been done in Four per cents. for money or for the near account; while for the 30th proximo very little has been booked; 99 has been quoted for ready and for this month's settlement, and 98 11-16 for the end of next month. 4½ per cents are still called 105½, nominal.

SHARES became rather active this afternoon, and we have a good many changes to report, chiefly in Mill and Press Scrip, the movement in most cases having been downward. Hyderabad Deccan Mill shares have declined Rs. 50; Hindustan, Rs. 25; Connaught People of India and Swadeshi, Rs. 10; Ripon, Rs. 7½; New Great Eastern, Rs. 5; and Jamshed and Mazagon, Rs. 2½ each. On the other hand, there has been an advance of Rs. 20 in Central India; of Rs. 10 in Morarji Gokuldas; of Rs. 5 in Queen; and of Rs. 2½ in Empress. In Press shares, French are Rs 50 down; Munmar, Rs. 12; Albert, Rs. 10; and New Indian, Rs. 5. Volkarts have advanced Rs. 5. In miscellaneous concerns, Badham Pile are Rs. 15; Phillips and Co., Rs. 9; Alcock and Co., Rs. 5; Port Canning, Rs. 2½; and Marcks and Co., Re. 1 higher. Bank of Bombay shares have advanced Rs. 2½ per share.

NOTES
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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

CURRIE.—March 20, at Sirur, the wife of Algernon Currie, Lieut.-Colonel, Bombay Cavalry, of a son.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MEREDYTH.—March 14, at Peshawar, the wife of A Meredyth, C S, of twins, son and daughter, prematurely

DEATHS.

COVEY.—March 22, at Mejah, Allahabad, Charles Covey, Major, 8th Durham Light Infantry.
DE HOXAR.—March 18, at Benares, C F F de Hoxar, aged 62 years.
YOUNG.—March 19, at Lahore, Leonard Praed, infant son of William Maoworth Young, B C S, aged 7 months.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MARCH 24, 1888.

It is now a little more than a year since we gave expression to the opinion that the day of the small torpedo boats was nearly over, and that, in future, torpedos would chiefly be carried by large armourclads as an auxiliary to the guns. Events have tended to prove that our contention was right, and we believe that a few years will see small torpedo boats quite out of date, for the simple reason that they will not be able to do the work required of them. The old idea of the small, swift unarmoured boat which would come with a rush, fire its torpedo, and be off before it could be touched, has quite passed away. It reached its zenith at the time that Admiral Aube was Minister of Marine in France, and Gabriel Charmes was his right hand man in all torpedo questions. Gabriel Charmes has now been dead more than a year, and Admiral Aube is no longer Minister of Marine, and even France is waking up to the fact that the small boats are not of much use. This is shown by the war ships Peguin and Terrible, the latter of which has been about a year in commission, while the former is launched but not yet ready for work. The want of torpedo tubes in these vessels is a defect, but the mere fact of their absence shows that the dread of the torpedo is dying out among French designers. The recent introduction of the torpedo gun in the place of the torpedo tubes of former days is in itself a great blow to the small craft, for the only objection of any real weight that could be urged against the employment of torpedoes in heavy vessels lay in the presence of the tubes and the weakness they were supposed to occasion. These tubes are now abandoned by most navies for their new vessels, and the torpedo-gun substituted for them. No compressed air is used, but an ordinary powder charge, which has been so arranged as to propel the projectile without damaging it in any way. By reducing the once dreaded torpedo apparatus to the level of a mere gun, though an immensely powerful one for close quarters, its proper place in the naval armament has, at length, been assigned to it. When any new naval or military invention crops up, the first idea is, nearly always, to make it as separate an affair as possible, but the course of time generally shows the possibility of adapting it to existing designs, and the improvement is gradually incorporated.

But the arguments existing to-day against the employment of small torpedo boats are not merely those of a year ago, though these still exist in force, but recent inventions tend to make them an impossibility. It is well known that most torpedo boats can only act from a distance of from twelve to eighteen hundred yards, and their sides can only be protected by a thin steel coat, on account of their small displacement when compared to the weight of any kind of armour. Hitherto, their quick movements and small size have made them practically safe, for it is almost impossible for the ordinary long range gun to hit them at a distance of 2,000 yards, to say nothing of the fact that in a general engagement, the heavy guns would be required elsewhere, *i.e.*, to play on the enemy's armourclads. The Hotchkiss quick firing 6-pounders, and the machine guns, though useful in clearing an enemy's decks and in harassing the boats, could not at a range of

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE KING AND QUEEN OF ROUMANIA.

VIENNA, MARCH 22.

Their Majesties the King and Queen of Roumania have come here with an avowedly political object.

THE EMPEROR'S HEALTH.

BERLIN, MARCH 22.

The health of the Emperor is improving.

THE SUEZ CANAL CONVENTION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 22.

The claim of the Turkish Government to the Presidency of the Suez Canal Convention has been admitted by England and France.

M. Le Comte de Montebello will present a modified form of the Convention to the Porte on Saturday.

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

LONDON, MARCH. 23.

Her Majesty put into Cherbourg in the afternoon, and resumed her journey in the evening.

THE CONVERSION OF CONSOLS.

The Bill for the Conversion of the Consols has been passed.

BULGARIA.

SOFIA, MARCH 22.

Bulgaria has decided not to reply to the Porte.

THE THIBETAN AFFAIR.

THE ATTACK AND CAPTURE OF LINGTU

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 23.

The Lingtu fort was occupied on the 21st. The Thibetans after the experience they had gained of the troops in the skirmish of the 19th did not wait the shock of our arms, and the position, when the troops had climbed up to it, was found deserted. Not a shot was fired. The force has a worse enemy to contend against in the cold and snow in their elevated position, where they are bound to remain for a few days, until it can be seen what is going on in the Chumbi volley, but the prime object of the expedition has now been accomplished, and it is hoped that the Thibetans will now see the advisability of quitting Sikkim territory altogether, without further compulsion.

CALCUTTA, MARCH 23.

The following telegram, dated Gyanok, was yesterday received by the Government:—Our attack-ing force with two guns and a 100 Derbyshire and 50 Pioneers commenced the ascent at noon. Two hours previously a letter was sent rolling upon the Thibetan officer command-ing Lingtu to retire. The fog was so dense that we could not see 20 yards before us. The snow was heavy and we advanced cautiously, as we had information that traps were laid. Colonel Ommhead with 50 Pioneers was sent in front to clear the road for the guns and the Derbyshire followed. The Pioneers having got the corner of the zigzag road came suddenly on the fort and rushed with-out firing. 50 Thibetans fled and a sick soldier was left inside the barrack. The attack and capture of the fort have disconcerted the Thibetans. Out of 50 men in Jeylak 20 reached Lingtu. Gyakpen at Gyaluk was missing. The other Gyakpen and the remainder of the soldiers fled the night previously. Gyatai had retired two days before and Jougpens had not been at Lingtu lately.

LORD DUFFERIN ON THE THIBETAN AFFAIR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 23.

Before the proceedings of the Council commenced His Excellency said that her Majesty's troops had taken possession of the Fort of Lingtu without opposition. On the 19 they came upon a small stockage occupied by the Thibetans, at which some small opposition was encountered, but with the usual gallantry the troops rushed it and the enemy fled with scarcely any resistance. The effect of this success was completely to have disorganised them, and as already mentioned, they abandoned their positions. We have great hopes that this slight and facile occupation of territorial rights will give us free access to the road to Sikkim which had been taken possession of by the enemy, and thus close the existing dispute between us and the Thibetans.

THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

THE VICEROY'S SPEECH.

The Bill relating to imprisonment for debt and the Bill to amend the Code of Civil Procedure and Limitation Act were passed:—

His Excellency said:—Before the Council rises, I will not be my good fortune to preside in over so full a meeting, I may be permitted to express my deep sense of obligation to the members for the assistance rendered to Government in the discharge of their legislative duties. I especially thank the non-official members who abandon their professional pursuits in order to assist us the advantage of their experience. I assure them I regard their presence with the greatest satisfaction. I also desire to express to my native colleagues the deep sense of ability with which they handled various questions and the manner in which they have carried on debates in a foreign language has been a matter of surprise and admiration. I am also touched with their good temper and courtesy and gentlemanlike bearing with which they entered into the warmest controversy. I congratulate the Council on the amount of work done during the last four seasons of 1873, and on the number of Bills that have been passed. If we regard the land legislation we find that the labourers of the Council have contributed largely to human happiness.

I thank the Legislative Council, particularly the Hon'ble Messrs. Hbert, Scoble, and James for their industry and devotion. I am glad to think that experience has proved that sufficient length of time have elapsed to justify the conclusion, that the universal assent of those classes for whose benefit they were undertaken.

OBITUARY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, MARCH 23.

Mrs. George Palmer, wife of the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government in the Nizam's Public Works Department, died this morning, after a short illness. Her loss is deeply felt and sincerely regretted. The funeral was largely attended by representatives of all classes.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, MARCH 22.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Dacca, outward bound for Colombo, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LISBON, MARCH 22.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Navarino, homeward bound from Bombay and Kurrachee, left here this afternoon

PENANG, MARCH 22.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S.N. Co.'s s.s. Titania from Kongkong, left here for Bombay this even-

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 22.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed with a hardening tendency. Surats quiet.

Good Fair Dhollera 4 1-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

4 per cent. Rupee Paper 88½
4½ per cent. do. 73½
3½ per cent. Consols for account. 101½
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan 107½
Bar Silver 43 3-16
4½ per cent. French Rentes 107

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total bullion, £23,500,000; Inc., £200,000; public deposits, £14,600,000; Inc., £1,100,000; other deposits, £23,200,000; Dec., £1,200,000; other securities, £21,400,000; Dec., £900,000; notes and gold, £16,600,000; Inc., £100,000. The Bank's Reserve is 45 per cent. of the Liabilities.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORT.

(MARCH 23.)

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN.—*Via* Teheran, interrupted. *Via* Turkey perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE.—*Via* Teheran, perfect. *Via* Turkey, perfect. *Via* Suez, perfect.

AMERICA.—*Via* Brest, perfect. *Via* Valentia, perfect. *Via* Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—*Via* Penang, perfect. *Via* Amoor, perfect.

A RECENT LECTURE AND A RECENT LEADER.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—We have heard something lately of the great work that was done in a short holiday last year by an eminent professor of the Bombay Education Department. But there has been a greater work than the work itself—the fine laudation which, with the aid of scissors and paste and the, to him, most easily accessible of puffing machines has lifted a professor's holiday into an event of the first magnitude. I don't know if Matthew Arnold's reports on Education in Germany have been dethroned from their almost classic place by the much greater work of a much greater man. I should say that they have, however, if the *Times of India*, which ought to be able to judge dispassionately as the world, has rightly estimated the value of the wisdom which it prints one day in small type, and then next day prints again in big type, not at all to fill up a column, but just to remind its readers of what great things were being done in the Grand Duchy of Baden last summer. I feel, nevertheless, that the true proportions of this great work have not been exhibited. I want to know whether the German Professors at Freiburg, Weissnichtwo, and in the parts adjacent, had no questions to put as well as to answer, and whether in the course of these interviews Germany was not enlightened about education in India as, in consequence of them, India has been enlightened about education in Germany. For example Dr. Sauerkraut of Freiburg, if of an enquiring mind, must have heard a thing or two from his Bombay visitor which would persuade him that the Indian Government, if cruelly neglectful of its duties to Education, is not particularly cruel to the Education Department. Not "what a city to sack!" but "what a Government to work for!" would be the thought of any German Professor on comparing the time table of college attendances of a professor in one of our Indian Colleges with the rates of pay for this enormous labour. They were showing me, the other day, the time table of a certain college whose name was doubtless mentioned in these memorable conferences at Freiburg. I must not give names, but here are their hours of attendance in a given week, from the principal downwards:—11,15,12,13,15,17,3,6,14. And they are all "eager for the pay," as we are told on the best authority one of them is, even though they do not all seem very eager for the work, and though as a whole they seem to get a fairly good time of it. I must not read into these conversations between him of the astounding vitality and the professoriate of Freiburg any questions or suggestions that are not on the record. But when I learnt that in the opinion of our great authority the Indian Government does not know its business, is too sparing of its money, and won't take the trouble to make its schools and colleges efficient, I asked myself whether the lesson that Germany had to teach us on that matter had not been missed and one gentlemen who are so fond of lecturing the Government whose salt they eat—whether the Education Department in fact could not get a little more work out of the professoriate. It was a beautiful lecture we had the other day; but I want to get a pendant to it in the lecture on education in India that some Freiburg Professor will deliver after he has seen the Indian Professors at work—if haply he should ever thus catch them. I wonder whether he will look on the Indian Government as the sinners that some of their own educational servants say that they are.—Yours, &c.,

March 23. SCHOLASTICUS.

PROFESSIONAL ETIQUETTE *VS.* MORAL OBLIGATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The question raised by your corresp ondent "J. C. C." is of the most vital importance, and I hope for the benefit of the public that the subject will be fully and candidly discussed. Doctors A. and B, when they promised that they would look in again at 7 p.m., had incurred moral obligations which they as good men were expected to fulfil. The alarm of the parents and the consequent presence of other medical men could not free Doctors A. and B. from the responsibility that they, as men of feeling and honour, must have known rested with them. From a layman's point of view the conduct of Doctors A. and B. is, to use a strong term, childish. If medical etiquette sanctions such conduct it is time that the law stepped in and said something on the other side. A lawyer under similar circumstances, I think, would be disbarred. It appears that in the opinion of Doctors A. and B. their own personal feelings were of far more importance than the life of their patient. As far as my knowledge of law goes I think there is already a legal remedy against conduct of this sort. The medical profession should take serious notice of this matter, for the credit of the profession is at stake in it.—Yours, &c.,

March 23. LAYMAN.

THE AGRICULTURISTS' RELIEF ACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I observe from your columns that an attempt has been made by the Ratnagheri Agriculturists' Relief Association to get the provisions of the Deccan Agriculturists' Relief Act extended to the Ratnagheri District. In my opinion this is not altogether a right step in the right direction. In the Deccan the kunbi often recklessly borrows money from his creditor on land at a very exorbitant rate of interest, handing over, in most cases, possession of the mortgaged property to the creditor. The courts, therefore, under the Relief Act set aside the rate of interest originally agreed upon, took accounts of the rents and profits of the mortgaged land from the creditor and decreed redemption thereof within the time specified in the decree, awarding him (the creditor) on the sum found due to him, interest at a moderate rate—usually at nine per cent. I may mention here that the arbitrary interference on the part of the courts in the Deccan enabled only those mortgagors who paid off their mortgage debt within the time mentioned in the decree to recover their mortgaged property, but those who failed to do so, owing to their poverty, latches or other causes, unfortunately lost (though in a few cases) their right of redemption for over. The mortgage and other money transactions usually met with in the Ratnagheri Collectorate are not, in my opinion, quite similar to those generally dealt with in the Deccan Collectorates under the Relief Act. In the former district, the kunbi (who always takes special care to keep up his credit with his sowkar and does not borrow money recklessly as his brother kunbi in the Deccan often does) will, upon inquiry, be found to have raised on his land as much money as he absolutely required at a low rate of interest,—say seven or eight per cent.—without giving over possession of the mortgaged property to his creditor. The courts will, therefore, hardly be justified in ordering redemption of mortgages in this district on the arbitrary principle followed in the Deccan under the Relief Act. The kunbi in this part of the Konkan is not, generally speaking, quite displeased with his creditor because he (the kunbi) is not deprived of the possession of the mortgaged property. He himself cultivates it in certain conditions and maintains himself and his family, paying rent to his creditor at the appointed *Khirot*. It seems to me, therefore, that the circumstances of the agriculturist debtors in the Ratnagheri Collectorate do not call for the proposed extension of the Relief Act. And I have reasons to believe that many kunbi debtors will be slow in suing their sowkar either for accounts only (if they can legally do so) or both for accounts and for redemption of their property for the fear of being foreclosed for ever in case they should fail to pay off the mortgage debt found due to their sowkars in the time mentioned in the decree in redemption suits. As an experiment, however, the Act might be extended to the Deogad and the Vajapore talukas of this collectorate where, I am told, the kunbi debtors are much annoyed by their creditors.—Yours, &c.,

P. R. D.

THE day the mail left Mr. Justice Chitty, in the Chancery Division, had before him the affairs of the Nawab Nazim, who died in 1884 in India, after having received £100,000 from the Government in settlement of his claims. The Nawab married an English lady, by whom he had children, who are now wards of Court, and were provided for by their father. After the Nawab received the £100,000 he executed a settlement of £50,000, giving his agent, who negotiated the payment of his claims against the Government, a life interest in the fund, with the remainder to his children. The Nawab's wife has taken proceedings to upset this deed, claiming that she is a creditor for £10,000, and that her children are also creditors. The present application was that the fund, of which there are two trustees, should be paid into Court. The Judge adjourned the case for a week for further evidence.

LONDON IN THE SNOW.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 1.

THAT spirit of regeneration, that beautiful placidity in regard to summer's sun or winter's snow that I mentioned last week, as recommended by Nathaniel Hawthorne, has not made much progress amongst us. We are cold, much too cold, to be placid and regenerate; and mighty are the groans that rise up when each day brings no change. It is snowing always—thin and watery sleet some days, heavy feathery flakes on others, but snow all the same, always snow. And it is not only Britain that suffers and groans. The recording angel whose duty is to register the world's breaches of the virtue of patience must be having rather a bad time lately with Europe in general. Our brilliant neighbour France, who does nothing without versifying, frames its anathemas in a catching rhyme,

C'est la neige
Au blanc cortege, &c.

But France does not like the snow all the same, though she sings, or at least wheezes, like a leaky bellows. The Opera de Paris has to give up the representation of the "Dame de Monsoreau," because its men and women have the influenza which permits of very little singing between each act of sneezing, coughing and choking. And Paris, like any other place, will not pay to see its neighbour gasp, and choke, and collapse in earnest, though it enjoys the mock attitudes immensely; and so a ballet has been arranged instead;—one can dance with a cold in the head, you see, there's an advantage.

***

Italy is suffering too, but Italy seems to be quite too much of a Sybarite; at least its printers are strangely soft; for notice is given that a journal will not appear because of the great cold! Fancy that. Imagine what a pretty pass England should come to when a daily paper would fail because the weather was not favourable. Why, even, when the icy hand of Death is laid on its Chief, our newspaper appears quite in its ordinary spirits except for the few lines that records how one of its principal actors has concluded his engagement on this world's stage, and gone to seek a higher role elsewhere. Last week's obituary records the passing of the *Examiner*, *World* with its head and founder, Mr. James Clarke. For twenty years he had given it and various other publications a father's care, and yet his departure apparently leaves no blank in the pages. His twenty-year-old child is, like all our boys, of age to stand on its own responsibility without its parent's hand. Such is life, or rather such is the lesson taught by death. Alas! that we must all learn it sooner or later. But away with melancholy. Though we freeze we need not necessarily be lugubrious or morose.

***

Have you been to the Salon Soirée? was the query uppermost on very many tongues last week. No, I have not been, and very fortunately too, according to what I hear from most people, who say there was no room; no walking or even breathing space for those who needed the ordinary allowance of either.

***

There was no room, even, oh incomprehensible situation! for those who were there; so it was well that we, lazy ones, were possessed with our usual stay-at-home spirit that night, and did not pose as the last straw to break that camel's back, the thick end of that wedge which, if inserted, would have split the hospitable walls of the Nineteenth Century Gallery asunder.

***

People tell me it was pleasant, at least some do; the thin, tall ones, perhaps, who felt the crush least, and whose giraffelike forms enabled them to breathe the higher purer air that floated over the heads of the multitude. "So nice to see a number of new faces," say they. "So glad you did not come," say others. "Such an *omnium gatherum*: everybody, (that is a lot of nobodies, you know) crushed everybody else in a mixed affair altogether that was intensely unpleasant." That is the verdict of others. We must deduce our own conclusions. That it was mixed there is very little doubt. But mixtures—I do not speak of cough mixtures—are often very nice. Mixed biscuits are delightful. One comes upon such pleasant surprises in pretty, flavoury, sugary shapes. And mixed sweets are also charming, especially when there is a plenty of dainty French confections of chocolate. And mixed pickles are almost a necessity of life; the cool cucumber after the burning chillies, and who would be without mixed spices? Not I, certainly.

***

And if mixed condiments are pleasantly used in the science of gastronomy, why not in the other phases of life? If we take our people mixed like our sweets and pickles and spices, we are sure to get varieties of flavour to suit all our moods and tenses—literary, artistic, scientific, progressive, retrograde, conservative, commonplace, Utopian, and delightful pickle of mixed humanity.

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And this can be had by becoming a member of the Salon, subscription one guinea, entertainments bi-monthly. The Society is nomad, that is, the venue of the Soiree is changed from gallery to gallery, which is lucky for the gallery, as a second strain like last week's might be greater than it could bear. If the members of the Salon increase they must see to having their galleries made telescopic, like Ludovico Sforza's prison cage, only not warranted to shrink day by day, but to enlarge so that we may not hear of any such unaesthetic casualty as might occur by the compression of one thousand fat humans into the space calculated for nine hundred and ninety-nine.

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And if you have not been to the Salon what have you been doing? goes on my catechist. Well, truly, the time I have spared from shivering I have devoted to reading Ruskin.

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Yes, Ruskin's "Hortus Inclusus," his letters to Miss Susie Beaver, which I honestly found too sickly sweet, though it may be heresy to say so and to find fault with anything that Ruskin wrote or said. They are charming letters, simple as if written by one child to another, and yet so full of learning. But why not wait to publish them till John Ruskin and Miss Susie Beaver had passed into shadow land. Love-making—even platonic love-making—ought to be the loversj, alone, until it is ended, and becomes a matter of history.

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The love that is sighed in the market place is not as sacred as that which is breathed in the silence of the forest. When it becomes a village gossip, the charm of it is past. That is why, if I were Miss Susie Beaver, I should have kept my friend's letters for myself, till death had severed the old friendship and made its tokens useless.

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As a change from Ruskin's sweet sentimentality, I determined to go to the Princess's Theatre to see "The Mystery of a Hansom Cab," but when I came to read up the programme, as set forth by advertisement, I confess I quailed at the thought of imbibing so strong an antidote to Ruskin's syrup.

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This is what the *Pall Mall* said of the play. "Cabs! a hansom and a growler! a murder and a mystery, chloroform and sleep-walking, a death bed and a delirium tremens, a drunken cabby and a comic landlady, a Hawkshaw and a police station, a slum and a cellar—sure to be a success." Another paper said: "The tale of Thibodean crime was set forth with every minute circumstance of realistic effect." This was enough for me. I do not want more harrowing than can be had for nothing every day in our great city, so I went to the "Strand," to see "Katti, the Family Help," a domestic farce, suggested by Meilhac's "Gotte," and I was intensely amused.

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Katti is a German servant. By the way, how very fashionable Germans are becoming on the stage. There was Hans, the footman, and the German partner, played by Beerbohm Tree, and now there is Katti, and people go to see them and enjoy their broken English, though the British soul protests against Germans in the abstract. It is the influx of Germans that lowers wages, that increases competition, that takes the bread out of the English working man's mouth. This is the constant cry. Still the individual German—the stage German, at least—has a charm for us all. So simple and so naive and yet so full of logic and wisdom, at the same time childlike and profound.

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Miss Alice Atherton did Katti to perfection (from the English point of view). Perhaps, the German nation might suggest that all their helps are not so awkward as Katti seemed to be—so slow of comprehension, so dense of intellect, nor so ready to offer to kiss every ugly old man who plays "Ehren on the Rhine" infamously on the German clarionet. But Miss Atherton acted Katti well, all the same, though I protest against her being thought the ideal German servant. She was full of the natural vivacity and quaint drollery that suited the part, and her stolid indifference to the fate of all the crockery that passed away under her *regime* in the kitchen was amusingly ridiculous.

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Mr. Willie Edouin, as Mr. Finnikin Fluffy, was exceedingly smart, though I felt occasionally that he a little overdid his comicality and almost made himself a buffoon. Mr. Richard Fluffy, his brother, was also good, but in a heavier way. Katti announced his arrival by calling out to her master, "Mein Herr, your fluffy brother," which caused convulsions of laughter from all parts of the house. The play altogether is well sustained, and the fun is well kept up with jokes and smart repartee; but it is a play to see once and no more. When its jokes are said, they are like bubbles burst and vanished; they can never be repeated the same way again, at least, to the same audience.

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One of the scenes was at Margate in view of the sea, and the sunny strand and distant waves and the women's pretty pink and blue cambric dresses and sun hats gave me quite a summerlike feeling, which, alas! was quickly dissipated by the snowy breeze outside.

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Talking of ladies' dresses reminds me of the lovely trousseau that, I hear, is being made for Miss Mabelle Brassey, at the Irish Industries Depot, 43, Wigmore Street. It appears that it was Lady Brassey's dying wish that her daughter should give this support to the good work, and of course, she has done so, and thus helps the many poor workers who, during the hard winter time in Ireland, would be in the saddest misery if the wealth of English kindness were not expended in their behalf.

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What a strange title, an unpoetic, unlovely name for an article or an essay in the *Nineteenth Century Magazine*, "The Swarming of Men," by Leonard Courtney, M. P. I have not read it yet, I did not feel drawn to it in truth by its title. The swarming of bees is something horrible, and what must be the swarming of men.

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Harper for March is an interesting number in both illustrations and letter-press. Modern Spanish art, by Edward Bowen Francis, in addition to sketches of pictures, has vignettes of some of the artists. There is Edwardo Rosaccio, with a Jewish type of face, wild curls and long soft beard that waves away into indefiniteness. There is R. Senet, an austere creature, who seems to take life more seriously than his artistic brethren. Near him B. Gisbofre's piercing eyes seem to look the world through and through. Then comes Alvarez, Pradilla, and, lastly, Mariano Fortuny, who during a short life contributed largely to Spanish art.

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"In the Red Room," by Lucy C. Lillie, is a short story very suitable for this present year—leap year—when girls may, if they dare, take the initiative and propose. Mrs. Lillie's heroine did not quite do so; I should have admired her more if she did. She beat about the bush and eventually made her lover pop the question, which she ought, knowing what she did, have had the honour to pop herself.

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Miss Anna Bicknell gives a sketch of the Empress Eugenie's early life, which does not leave a pleasant impression of the Empress, nor coincide with what we have heard of her since she has made England her home. Of course, circumstances alter even characters, and so I think one must have a very complete account of a person before forming our estimate of her character. In this way, I think, the sketch has come too soon. When death allows all circumstances to be disclosed, and the tale of life can be written completely, then is the time to write a biography, and no sooner.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MARCH 3.

OUR London correspondent writes:—

The condition of the Crown Prince of Germany is a scandal to the medical profession, that is, to the German branch of the profession. If the Prince should recover it will be almost in spite of, and not in consequence of, the Doctors. The contemptible jealousy which has been exhibited towards Sir Morell Mackenzie, and the bickerings between the Germans themselves is almost beyond belief. I cannot help feeling that the critic is right who yesterday remarked that if the Prince had been a poor man, attended only by one Doctor, he would have recovered long ago and now have been hale and hearty. There certainly has been uncommon muddling and playing at cross purposes. The Prince may be dead before this reaches you; everything points to the fact that if he does not recover it will be because he has been done to death by the Doctors. With his excellent constitution, his residence in a suitable climate, and every aid of hygiene and nourishment the Prince ought never to have been in serious peril.

I used to think Mr. Justice Cunningham, of Dustypore and Cerulean fame, was the best of Anglo-Indian novelists. I no longer think so. Mr. Dudley Hardress Thomas's "The Touchstone of Peril" (published by T. Fisher Unwin) is far and away the best Anglo-Indian novel I have ever read. It has attained already a second edition, and, apparently, is much liked not only by Mudie's clients, but also by men of judgment who read for entertainment and are dainty in their taste. One or two such have expressed to me their most favourable opinion of Mr. Thomas's book. The author has spent many years in India and has observed the ways of Indians, their characteristics, their mannerisms, their tastes, their acts, and almost their thoughts, to a degree beyond the ordinary experience of an Anglo-Indian. Mutiny days and the thrilling incidents connected therewith are a fading vision to men and women of the '57 time; to the younger generation, which is now on the summit, Cawnpore and Meerut, Delhi and Lucknow, are mere words carrying with them little or no meaning. Such a book as Mr. Thomas's is very welcome, for, while it tells the incidents of the period with much skill and vivacity, it does so also with a perfect absence of passion or panic. Nowhere in its pages are the Indians themselves treated with other than perfect fairness.

Sir William Hunter was, in spite of the adverse state of the weather, favoured with a large and brilliant audience at the Society of Arts last Friday night. The lecture, of which I was able to send you an advance copy a week ago, was an intellectual treat; and was remarkable for the dexterous manner in which all the rocks and shallows with which the subject dealt with is beset were avoided. The discussion which followed was scarcely up to the mark, the best speech being that of Sir George Campbell, M.P. Among the other speakers were Sir Charles Turner, Mr. Seton-Karr, and Dr. Leitner. It was anticipated that the discussion would have taken a wider range, but for some reason or other the clerical gentlemen who were expected to speak did not attend, or, at all events, were not among the speakers.

Among other M. P.'s who have recently expressed their willingness to aid the Indian Uncovenanted Civil Service Association is Mr. W. Ambrose, Q.C., the member for the Harrow division of Middlesex. Mr. King has not yet been able to obtain a day for his motion, but if he does not get an opportunity earlier he will raise the question in the debate on the Indian Budget. I observe that the London correspondents of many of the leading country dailies, including the *Manchester Examiner*, the *Liverpool Mercury*, the *Sheffield Independent*, the *Bradford Observer*, the *Western Morning News*, &c., are writing sympathetically about the grievances of the Uncovenanted Civilians. Some days ago Mr. King gave notice of a motion to call for a despatch relating to the reorganization of the Indian Telegraph Department. Dr. Tanner, without any possible excuse, blocked the notice, but I am glad to say that his foolish obstructiveness has not prevented the member for Hull from obtaining the required document. Under the new rules, it appears that if a member is not in his place at twelve his block is ineffectual. Dr. Tanner was apparently not aware of this, and so for once he has been out-manœuvred. I am told that it was not the wish of the Irish leaders that the harmless notice of the hon. member for Hull was blocked; indeed, one of them at least, Mr. Dillon, promised to exert his influence to get the block removed, but without effect. If the majority of Mr. Parnell's were like Dr. Tanner, the Irish leader would have an unruly team.

INSPECTION OF THE BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

THE Bombay Light Horsemen were inspected yesterday evening on the Esplanade, in front of the Gymkhana. It is not too much to say that in all the manœuvres they were put through the Light Horsemen acquitted themselves beyond expectation, and displayed an efficiency which was quite up to the standard of the requirements of the Inspecting Officer. We have had the corps frequently in evidence before the public of late, and yesterday the Troopers afforded another proof of their excellence, and showed that they were equally as good on the parade-ground as when going through the intricacies of the musical ride or competing at an athletic meeting, or yet again as good as when acquitting themselves in long distance marching. Such a high state of efficiency speaks well for the *esprit de corps* of the men and the hearty desire each and all seem to have to get on individually, as well as to improve as a body.

The Inspection was fixed for 4-30, and the Troopers fell in at that hour under the trees on the west side of the Gymkhana. From there with their Commandant, Captain Little, at their head, they cantered, a body of over thirty troopers, on to the Parade-ground, where they waited in field drill order to receive the Inspecting Officer, Brigadier-General Heathcote, C. B. The Troopers then marched past in very good order, and afterwards went through various manœuvres. Among other things they performed the sword exercise, in which they displayed a considerable degree of proficiency. After the parade Brigadier-General Heathcote, addressing Captain Little, spoke in terms of high praise regarding the manner in which the different manœuvres had been gone through. He expressed admiration of the horses, and said that though they were rather fresh at the beginning of the parade, they had quieted down towards the close, and had behaved much more steadily. He saw a considerable improvement in the manner in which the various manœuvres were performed as compared with last year, and hoped a further improvement would be noticeable next year.

SOCIAL BOMBAY, 1865-67.

THE period of Sir Bartle Frere's administration (1862-67) was a brilliant one. Unquestionably, a large amount of money came into the Presidency at that time and it was then the foundations of almost all the great public buildings which adorn our city were laid, and which to-day attract the admiration of travellers from many lands. Some people however may think otherwise, and that it was not a brilliant period. Of course the coin has an obverse. "I register only the shining hours," says the Venetian sundial, so we begin by saying that in these days Parell was an English home planted on the shores of Asia, that to know Lady Frere was considered a liberal education, and that her graceful daughters were towers of strength, to all young ladies in search of happiness, in single blessedness or on the high road to matrimony. There are many people still living who can put their finger on this epoch and every detail of it, as if it were of yesterday, for the gulf which divides this time from our own is a very narrow one. "Thou art so near and yet so far." What is recent, however, will by and by be remote, and we shall soon shout across to hear in response only the echo of our own voices. Like Ellora in moonlight, everything is beginning to wear the pale shadows of the ancient times. The strongest men of this period, and certainly every man talked about in this sketch, are as dead in their coffins as the Pharaohs of Bulak, and already relegated to the bones and muniments of History, and the only living evidence we possess that they ever existed, is some husky voice or treble, which we occasionally hear at club or station, ere its owner steals away or disappears from the scene. You cannot have in India a plantation as you have in America or Australia, the counterpart of society in Europe, in which oral tradition in long stages descends from generation to generation of living men. Sir William Wedderburn's grandfather, for example, fought at Culloden in 1746, and Sir W., aged 52 only, left India in 1867. With another such gradation as this you might bridge the entire English occupation of India. Four good lives would be enough.

But the blind fury with the abhorred shears works here, busy as the lightning. The generations of Englishmen are shorter lived, and speedily plucked up by the roots; swifter and swifter the waves, inward and outward, come tumbling along, bringing strange mutations of men and things. When Sir Bartle Frere came to India his own brother did not know him, so begrimed was he with the dust of Araby and Ind.(1) When he took his final adieu of it, he stood side by side with the Heir to the Throne. The day, indeed, when his cup was full, and which measured the brimming tide of his success and laudable ambition, (for after this it began somewhat to ebb,) was in November 1875, when he passed in procession through our streets with His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, not in dim perspective, but in the full midday blaze of Oriental sun.

I can still see that face, calm, serene and dignified, as it brooded on the scene, a fitting conclusion to all the labours of forty years, culminating in this grand ovation. The Bombay Civil Servant never stood on a more exalted pedestal. If it be true that every man makes his own face Sir Bartle had much credit in this plastic accomplishment, for his was a face instinct with high and lofty resolve and the purposes of a noble mind. You may see the "animated bust" on the banks of the Thames and the banks of the Indus, breathing the same silent story from its stony lips. Sir Bartle Frere was not a rich man. Probably, like Alexander the Great, he burned all his superfluous baggage before he set out for India. This is certain, that he took none of its plunder away with him. No future Burke shall denounce him as having drank of "the golden cup of abominations." Could a greater compliment be paid to an Indian Proconsul? "When shall I see a Commander return from India in the pride of honourable poverty?" asks Henry Mackenzie in the "Man of Feeling."(2) Had he lived to our day he would have found one in Sir Bartle Frere.

It was in the year 1865, in the halcyon days for remitters of exchange, when a man could secure £112-10 in gold in Lombard Street for 1,000 of his Rupees in Rampart Row, that David Livingstone arrived in Bombay. He was then 52 years of age. He too had burned his superfluous baggage before setting out for India, and as Bombay was merely a milestone in his journey he made another bonfire of impedimenta. I have been told, on credible authority, that he carried with him an English Bible which he did not burn, and some hypsometric tables constructed by Dr. Burgess in days of mathematical fervour before he had "ta'en the antiquarian trade, I think, call it."* He had also a stock of Scotch ballads, snatches and proverbs which stood him in good stead, and which he kept in his head ready for use on any sudden emergency, and on these neither freight, carriage nor duty could be levied by any potentate or authority whatsoever, barbarian or civilised. When here he did a good deal of work, and though men were much involved in shares, they took more than a passing notice of him.

Bombay was then like a huge electric blaze shooting high into the air on a quiet summer's night, attracting by its glare all the buzzing denizens of the world. Livingstone went to Matheran, went to Nassick, went to Guzerat to his old chum, Taylor, of the Irish mission, dined at the Marine Lines, discussed Burton and his trip to Mecca, as B, nothing loth, discussed him, held lengthy palaver on the Fountains of the Sun with Dr. Wilson in the back room of that old shanty of his y'clept the "Cliff" where Hakluyt and Purchas looked down upon them from the shelves; took counsel with the Governor as to what means should be adopted to mitigate, if not suppress, the East African Slave Trade. He mingled occasionally with our merchants, who subscribed a thousand pounds for him, which he would not take. They then put it into a bank, but the bank broke†. Nobody, however, lost by these banks, except the shareholders, so the money was utilized afterwards for Livingstone purposes. He wore a Consul's cap and uniform. He had a good deal of "dry humour" about him, for at his lecture in the Town Hall he exhibited an enormous chignon worn by the ladies of Africa, and as chignons were all the rage in those days the circumstance produced much merriment.

I have been told by those who ought to know, that he was a difficult man to travel with, "unco ill to leeve wi'" as Mrs. Carlyle Senior, (and Junior also of the same sentiment, if I mistake not) described her illustrious son. For one thing he had the Scotch quality of reticence, and I have no doubt, at times, he found the need of it. Lord Dufferin (1888) did not go about and tell everybody that he was going to resign the Viceroyalty. He liked India and Africa because there was such boundless freedom in them. So great an enemy was he of enclosures that had he been in Scotland in the last century he would have been found among the Levellers. In fact, his great complaint of home was its want of room, room," living or dead, for the churchyards even were so crowded that a man could not turn himself in his own coffin if he wanted. He did not then even dream of Westminster Abbey, for he had made a secret paction with Mr. Young, of Parafin celebrity, his bosom friend and substantial patron, to be buried in one big roomy grave with him like "John Anderson my Joe" and spouse, to sleep together at the foot of some hill in bonnie Scotland. "But you may still qualify for it, Mr. Young"! said an old friend to him slyly on hearing of the majestic obsequies. "Why do you come out to Africa again, to die of fever or be eaten up by savages, when you have made troops of friends and a great reputation!" asked the Captain who took him across to Zanzibar one evening as they sat chatting on deck, watching the procession of the stars. There was no reply, and repeating the words, "Answer that question," said the bluff captain. "Because I could get nothing to do," drawled out Livingstone. "If I only got the post of a wood forester or a gamekeeper, a fowling piece, a fur cap and a few mole traps, and," now laughing, "twenty-five shillings a week would have suited me down to the ground. But nobody ever offered that to me!" In all this there was a substratum of joke. Nevertheless, we may be thankful for the credit of Scotland, that though she made Burns a gauger on £50 a year, she did not make of Livingstone a gamekeeper. I saw him sit down to his last Communion, which was in the Free Church of Scotland on the Esplanade. Shortly after he embarked for Africa, from which he was destined never to emerge alive. Some four years of silence followed, and then a letter came by the hands of Stanley (3) written with a reed on coarse foolscap. It had been evidently penned under great exasperation, for it denounced the Nassick boys as having "broken every command in the Decalogue." These boys had been African slaves, rescued from dhows, and placed at Nassick for their education. Fortunately, they did not all turn out as bad as they seemed, or there must be a soul of goodness in things evil, for to Susi and Chuma, two of these boys, we are indebted for an account of his last days, for his last notes and maps, and for his bones, which, as our readers are well aware, found a final resting place in Westminster Abbey. On his way out at Marseilles, a youth, outward bound, stumbled against Livingstone oddly enough. Some Algerine merchants got up a discussion after dinner on elephants' tusks, and what and where was the largest one, in which a bronzed, middle-aged stranger joined. After a time the merchants left the table, leaving the youth and the stranger alone,

(1) A. R. Scoble, Byculla Club, Speech of 14th Feb. 1867.
(2) 1771.
(3) To Dr. Wilson.
* The thieves of Africa respected these and did not think them of any value.
† No uncommon thing in these days.

who speedily broke ground on the then all absorbing topic of African exploration. "Do you know what old Livingstone is doing now?" quoth the youth as he rose to light his cigar which had gone out. Looking down at his boots, after a pause, the stranger slowly uttered this astounding reply—"*Aye, he's here.*" Whatever difficulty there was in the lighting of that cigar, there was none in the relations of these gentlemen from this contretemps, on the way out. It did not in the least mar the native-born courtesy of the great traveller, for he became the boon companion of the youth on his voyage to Bombay.

At the risk of registering other hours than shining ones, we now pass on by way of violent digression to Thomas Chisholm Anstey, essentially a man of this period. He, too, burned his baggage on several occasions before setting out for India. He did not burn (which he ought to have done) a copy of Scott's novels which he had annotated. It was the

SIR SYED AHMED AND THE BENGALIS.

SIR SYED AHMED delivered a political address at Meerut on the 18th instant, when he passed some severe strictures on the attitude of Bengalis towards Government. The Madras Congress, he felt sure, was a subject that very few had studied, and there were thousands who knew absolutely nothing about it; and yet of India's many millions, the Bengalis chiefly were clamouring for privileges which they should never get, and to which neither they nor, in fact, any of the races of India were entitled—races of a conquered country. The Bengalis were eager to have a representative Government, and a voice in the budget; they wanted to rule districts; they wanted to get to all the high places of office—and, in fact, to rule India: but who were they, what were they, and what have they—or any of us, in fact—done to be entitled to such favours? As a nation the Bengalis have never ruled over any country, and have never conquered any country; so they are absolutely ignorant of what the requirements of rulers are, what the enormous expenses of ruling countries like India are.

Where is the Power that has conquered a country, and has given that country a representative Government? I know offhand; and why should exception be made for Bengalis? We must all remember that only thirty years ago the Mutiny broke out, shaking to the very core the confidence the Government placed and was placing in its subjects; and, after having been once deceived, is it probable—is it likely—is it reasonable—that the Government should in so short a space of time wipe out the past? No! Then why clamour for advantages you are not entitled to, and which you never should get. I can safely say no Government in the world would do so much for the good of the people as the British do, and how lightly are we all taxed for the same. We only have to pay Government revenue for the land occupied and a few trifling other taxes. The money collected by Government is not robbed from us; it is not squandered; but it is really used up in every good way, and elaborate accounts of the same are rendered, which we can all test at any time. Then why wish to interfere with the budget? You object that too much is spent for the army. Do you forget that we have a frontier to protect, and that the conquering race has to protect the property achieved by conquest? Why should not they spend money on this? Would we not do so? Certainly we would. Look at the armies of the present day: look at the weapons they use: they are finished works of art and science, and cost money, and to cope with these the British Government have to be equally armed, and this must cost money. These are not the days when a five rupee matchlock and a *talwar* are all that is needed. Then why be unreasonable? In the old days Emperors used to give ten thousand rupees for a poem or a couplet, and squander thousands freely. Does the British Government throw its thousands after such things? No. Authors are protected by having copy-rights secured to them, and a certain number of copies are purchased for Government. Now the money goes into proper channels, and we cannot cavil at such expense. Then as to high officers, and ruling India by its own people, could this be done? Would we not fall into the old state of things? Each sect and race would pull against the other, and anarchy would prevail. Where the Hindu and Mahomedan are so opposite in their ideas, religious tastes, and ceremonies, could a Bengali be a district magistrate? Could he, if he were one, administer evenhanded justice in a religious dispute between Hindus and Mohamedans? No. Are there not a number of private State secrets that should be enjoyed only by the ruling power?

The majority of these remarks I intend for my own co-religionists as well as Hindus; so do not think I am ruching down one race and upholding the other. I think we should be thankful for the blessings of good Government, and be ready to accept that share in the teaching of the Koran to submit ourselves to the ruling power, whatever that power be; and even if Africans ruled us, we would, by our religion, be bound to submit to them. This being the case, why should we not be thankful for all we get, and submit to British rule? I read you this passage from the Koran, which says that, of all religions, we Mahomedans will receive more sympathy from Christians. Our rulers are a Christian race; therefore our Koran tells us to love them. Let us then, one and all, try and be a loyal and law-abiding people, submitting to the dictates of a benevolent Government, and drop all ideas of extorting favors which we are not entitled to. Let us rather be contented with what we merit favours, and, such favours, we will be given us to in time.

THE ALLAHABAD INCOME-TAX CASE.

THE consideration of the case against Mr. H. Wilkinson was resumed by the Joint-Magistrate of Allahabad on the 12th and 13th inst. Mr. Wilkinson had been committed for trial by the order of the Collector of Allahabad on two charges,—Firstly, in that he on the 22nd February, filled a undue petition before the Collector of Allahabad declaring his business income to be less than Rs. 500, whereas his accounts showed that income to over that sum since August 7th 1887; secondly, in that he made a false return before the Collector of Allahabad that he had made no profit on the sale of a certain horse, whereas his accounts showed a profit on the said sale. After hearing arguments of counsel on behalf of Mr. Wilkinson on Monday last, Mr. P. Grey Joint-Magistrate, framed a charge against Mr. Wilkinson on the second of the above counts, and decided not to proceed with the prosecution on the first count as the accused had admittedly only been assessed on his income on carriage hire, and his income on that head was below Rs. 500. Arguments were resumed on Monday before Mr. Grey Mr. A. W. Colvin and Mr. T. Chatterji appearing for Mr. Wilkinson on the second charge. In the result Mr. Grey reserved judgment intimating that he did not consider the case a very serious one.

THE CZAR IN TERROR.

THE extrme vigilance with which the police at St. Petersburg guard the person of the Czar is illustrated by an incident which is the talk just now of Russian society. The *Morning Post* gives the following details from one of the persons concerned in the affair:—

A few days ago the Burial Service took place of the Belgian Ambassador, Count de Dudzeele, and was attended by the *elite* of St. Petersburg society. Among the mourners was a very old friend of the Count's, who was astonished on reaching the church to find a ticket of admission demanded by the policeman. He explained that he had been specially invited by the family, and that no tickets had been issued, upon which the policeman said that, the Czar having expressed his intention of attending, orders had been issued by the chief of police to allow no one to enter the church whose identity was not established by a ticket of admission. At this juncture the Countess herself drove up, accompanied by her daughter, but was also denied admittance, the policeman saying in derision, in reply to expostulations, that "any woman could pass herself off as the Countess de Dudzeele," and that "if she really was the widow of the Ambassador she should have provided herself with a ticket." It was quite in vain that it was pointed out that alongside the coachman was sitting the functionary with cocked hat and feathers, whose presence is a peculiar feature of the households of Ambassadors in St. Petersburg, and who always accompanies the carriage when official visits are made. At last, finding the policeman obdurate, a friend went off and searched for one of the head officers of the police, who, after some argument, consented to allow the widow to enter. None the less the regulation was enforced in many other cases, and one well-known lady, the Princess Mestchersky, also an old friend of the family, was ruthlessly turned back by the police. Another princess only managed to get in by waiting patiently in her carriage until some one in authority should arrive. At length a general of the Czar's suite with whom she was acquainted drove up, and he escorted her into the church. The Czar seems to trouble himself very little about precautions, and it is a fact that he is quite free from the nervousness that characterised the late Emperor during the last few years of his reign. Still, he never walks openly in the streets, as the late Emperor did even after being fired at by Solovieff; nor have the plots against him up to now been of that bloodthirsty, diabolical character that marked the "Reign of Terror." At present the Czar resides in the Anitchkoff Palace, on the Nevsky, the surroundings of which are well guarded by soldiers or police. Quite a swarm of superintendents and other superior police officers are kept on duty day and night in the vicinity, and in front of the Palace no one is allowed to linger. The Czar frequently drives out in an open sledge; but, although he may seem unprotected, the route he intends to take is always well manned with police.

THE Russian Navy continues to make vast strides, and at the approaching two hundredth anniversary of the formation of the first Russian fleet seven new large vessels will be commenced at different shipyards on the Black Sea. An incident in connection with the building of a first-class ironclad, now in hand at the private Khundishev-Volodin shipyard at Nikolajew, illustrates the doubtful blessings attending the present Russian protectionistic policy. The order for the building of the ship in question was given to the above firm on the distinct understanding that all the material used was to be Russian, the Government being ever anxious to give the home iron and steel industry a lift. The Kundishev-Volodin establishment consequently solicited tenders from three large iron works (those of Putilov, Brianski, and Nevaksi), but the prices asked for steel ranged between 3 roubles 45 kopecks and 3 roubles 60 kopecks per pood (about 16 kilos), while best English steel was simultaneously offered at 1 rouble 10 kopeks f. o. b. Although the duty on steel is 90 kopecks gold per pood, there was a considerable difference in favour of the English quotation. The shipyard drew the attention of the naval authorities to the unreasonable prices demanded by the native steel manufacturers, and obtained permission to use English steel so as to teach the home makers a useful lesson.

THE SIR WILLIAM YOUNG DIVORCE SUIT.

THE divorce case of Lady Isabel Young against Sir William Young was called on at the Calcutta High Court before Mr. Justice Trevelyan, when Mr. Sale, for the petitioner, applied to have the suit taken off the board until notice from the solicitors to the parties is received. A mutual deed of separation had been agreed upon, and only remained to be signed; which could not be done because the respondent was away in Burma somewhere near Mandalay. When the deed was completed, notice could be given and the suit brought on for the agreement of separation to be recorded. Mr. Apear, for the respondent, said that this was the position, and the Judge granted the application.

DESTRUCTION OF MINGYAN BY FIRE.

TELEGRAMS from Mandalay report the destruction of the town of Mingyan, in Upper-Burma, by a fire which broke out during a dust-storm with a gale of wind on the 16th inst. It began by the high wind scattering the cooking fire of a Burman cartman, one of a convoy collected right to the north side of the town. The wind was from the north, and the fire broke out about 5 p.m. By 7-30 p.m. almost the whole town was in ruins. The area destroyed covers about one and-a-half miles of river frontage, and extends a thousand yards inland. Several fine kyoungs were destroyed, including one which was widely famed for its beautiful carving. A very large amount of property was destroyed; but it is impossible yet to estimate the loss. The only portion of the town which escaped is that to the south of the main road into Meiktila. No damage occurred in the civil or military lines.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT RANGOON.

A DISASTROUS fire broke out at Rangoon on the 21st inst., about three in the morning, when a strong breeze was blowing in Phayre street. The fire commenced in a native house, and immediately spread to the shop of Mr. Evans, a tailor, whose premises were uninsured, and a large godown filled with piece-goods belonging to the Arakan Company. Thence the flames spread in an easterly direction, amidst crowded native and other dwellings through several streets. At least eighty houses, valued at something like five lakhs, have been destroyed. The *Rangoon Times* press in Merchant Streets and Eversahed's Hotel had a narrow escape. The former was saved by the pucka wall dividing it from a range of burning stables somewhat similarly to what took place some years ago at the same spot.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

March 24.—Annual Inspection, B. V. R. Corps, 4-30 p.m.
Oxford and Cambridge Boat Race.
Government of India Offices leave, Calcutta.
Umballa Spring Races.
Annual Meeting and Prize Distribution, Indo-British Institution, 5-30 p.m.
" 28.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.
" 30.—Good Friday.
Departure of M. S. Pekin.
Guzerat Pig-sticking Meeting.
Apl. 1.—Easter Sunday.
" 2.—Yacht Club Dance.
Bank Holiday.
" 3.—Lahore Spring Races.
" 4.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.
" 5.—Lahore Spring Races.
" 6.—Departure of M. S. Clyde.
" 7.—Lahore Spring Races.
" 9.—Ladies' Dinner, Yacht Club.
Government of India Offices re-open at Simla.
" 10.—Dehra Spring Races.
" 11.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.
" 12.—Dehra Spring Races.
" 13.—Departure of M. S. Rosetta.
" 18.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m
" 20.—Departure of M. S. Ganges.
" 25.—Karachi Spring Meeting.
" 28.—Karachi Spring Meeting.
May 9.—Quetta Spring Meeting.
" 12.—Quetta Spring Meeting.
Sept. 20.—Poona Races.
" 22.—Poona Races.
" 25.—Poona Races.
" 27.—Poona Races.
" 29.—Poona Races.

FRENCH REVOLUTIONARY MODELS.

MR. J. MORLEY writes in the *Nineteenth Century*:—

Historians are only too fond of insisting on the effect of the French Revolution in checking English reform. One of the latest of them dwells on the fatal influence of this great event in our own country, in checking, blighting, and distorting the natural progress of things. But for that influence he says, the closing years of the century would probably have seen the abolition of the English Slave Trade, the reform of Parliament, and the repeal of the Test Act. The question of the precise degree of vitality in sectarian pride, and of tenacity in a great material interest, a hundred years ago or at any time, is not very easy to settle. It is quite possible that the Slave Trade and the Test Act might have died nearly as hard, if there had been no French Revolution. In any case, it is a curious implication that underlies all writing in this familiar vein, that France ought to have gone on with a bad Government, in order to secure to England the advantages of a good one.

As to one dissevice, however, there can be no doubt. The French revolution has furnished the enemies of each successive proposal of reform with a boundless supply of prejudicial analogies, appalling parallels, and ugly nicknames, which are all just as conclusive with the unwise as if they were the aptest arguments. Sydney Smith might well put 'the awful example of a neighbouring nation' among the standing topics of the Noodle's Oration. The abolition of rotten boroughs brought down a thousand ominous references to noyades, fusillades, and guillotines. When Sir Robert Peel took the duty off corn, Croker warned him with great solemnity that he was breaking up the old interests, dividing the great families, and beginning exactly such a catastrophe as did the Noailles and the Montmorencis in 1789. Cobden and Mr. Bright were pomiscuously likened to Baboeuf, Chaumette, and Anacharsis Cloots. Baboeuf, it is true, was for dividing up all property, and Chaumette was an aggressive Atheist, but these were mere *nuances*, not material to the purposes of obloquy. Robespierre, Danton, Marat have been mercilessly trotted forth in their sanguinary shrouds, and treated as the counterparts and precurors of worthies so obviously and exactly like them as Mr. Beales and Mr. Odger; while an innocent caucus for the registration of voters recalls to some well-known writers lurid visions of the Cordeliers and the Jacobin Club.

A recent addition has been made to the stock of nicknames drawn from the terrible melodrama of the last century. The Chancellor of the Exchequer at Dublin described the present very humble writer as 'the Saint Just of our Revolution.' The description was received with lively applause. It would be indelicate to wonder how many in a hundred, even in that audience of the elect, had ever heard of Saint Just, how many in five hundred could have spelt his name, and how many in a thousand could have told any three facts in his career. But let us muse for a moment upon the portrait. I take down the first picture of Saint Just that comes to my hand. M. Taine is the artist:—

'Among these energetic nullities we see gradually rising *a young monster*—with face handsome and tranquil—Saint Just! A sort of precocious Sulla, who at five-and-twenty suddenly springs from the ranks, and *by force of atrocity wins his place*! Six years before, he began life by an act of domestic robbery: while on a visit at his mother's, he ran away in the night with her plate and jewels; for that he was locked up for six months. On his release, he employed his leisure in the composition of an odious poem. Then he flung himself head foremost into the Revolution. Blood calcined by study, a colossal pride, a conscience completely unhinged, an imagination haunted by the bloody recollections of Rome and Sparta, an intelligence falsified and twisted until it found itself most at its ease in the practice of enormous paradox, lurid sophism, and murderous lying—all these perilous ingredients, mixed in a furnace of concentrated ambition boiled and fermented long and silently in his breast.

It is, no doubt, hard to know ourselves. One may entertain demons unawares, and have calcined blood without being a bit the wiser. Still' I do not find the likeness striking. It would have done just as well to call me Vero, Torquemada, Iago, or Bluebeard.

Parallels from France or anywhere else, may supply literary amusement, they may furnish a weapon in the play of controversy. They shed no light and do no service as we confront the solid facts of the business to be done. Louis the Fourteenth was the author of a very useful and superior commonplace when he wrote: "No man who is badly informed can avoid reasoning badly. I believe that whoever is rightly instructed, and rightly persuaded of *all the facts*, would never do any thing else but what he ought." Another great French ruler, who, even more than Louis, had a piercing eye for men and the world of action, said that the mind of a general ought to be like a field-glass, and as clear to see things exactly as they are, *et jamais se faire des tableaux*,—never to compose the objects before him into pictures. The same maxim is nearly as good for the man who has to conquer difficulties in the field of Government.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 3s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of 33, Farringdon-road, London.

DIVINE SERVICES.

PALM SUNDAY.—MARCH 25.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.—Choral—Hymns 99, 322 and 450.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. F. N. Hill.—Hymns 99, 98 and 24.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Stainer.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m.
Thursday.—7-15 a.m.—Usual Celebration.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

7 a.m.—Matins and Sermon by the Rev. E. T. Beatty, Secretary of the Soldiers Total Abstinence Society.—Hymns 99, 108 and 107.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 109, 100 and 98.
The offertory will be for the Society.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION (ESPLANADE), FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 99, 112 and 313.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 99, 119 and 98.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 161 and 274.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 488, 268 and 304.

Wednesday, March 27.

6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Service, Litany and Sermon.—Hymns 99, 184 and 4.
4-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Service and Sermon.—Hymns 98, 106 and 19.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.

Colaba, Causeway.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m., Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Byculla, adjoining Victoria Gardens.
11 a.m.—Mr. H. A. Geyer.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Mr. W. Lane.
Cordial invitation to all.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8-10 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Paraphrase 11, tune 155.
Anthem.—"Oh sing unto the Lord a new song."
Hymn 176.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPOORA.

4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 98, 107 and 108.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, FORT.

11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Services.
9-30 a.m.—Sabbath School.
After to-morrow the Services of this Church will be held at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, Apollo Bunder, and the Sabbath School at the Temperance Hotel, Colaba.

ST. NICHOLAS (SEAMENS') CHURCH, PRINCE'S DOCK.

11 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held to-morrow (Sunday) morning at eleven o'clock on board the ship Oceana, captains, officers and seamen are cordially invited to attend.
The Bethel flag will be hoisted.
A launch for friends from shore will leave the Arthur Bunder at 10-25 and Apollo Bunder at 10-35 a.m., precisely.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 22.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Merton Hall, s—1,270 owts myrabolums, G Mottee and Co; 1,404 owts myrabolums, The Bo Co Ld; 30 bales wool, G H Adamji; 8 bales silk waste, D Damodardass; 450 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 50 bales wool and goat skins, H M Josaib and Co; 300 bales wool, N Khatao.
Hampstead, s—100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 100 tons teak squares, Wallace and Co; 100 bales cotton, Punmeta and Co; 100 bales cotton, Ritchie Steuart and Co.

FOR LONDON.

City of Canterbury, s—110 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 3,999 owts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 13 bales skins, P H A Cader; 1,500 owts myrabolums, M J Joomabhai and Co; 28 bales hides and skins, E Gangji and Co; 24 bales hides and skins, M J Joomabhai and Co; 7 bales skins, C Rajaballi.
Pekin (s), 110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 430 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 3,000 owt, linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.
Bengal (s), 4 chests opium, N J Sassoon; 8 cwts ivory and 6 cwts moye teeth, &c., M Dayall; 750 cwts myrabolums, J Fachiri.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Glenmavis s—3,940 cwts groundnuts, The Bo. Co. Ld.; 1,251 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 219 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR ANTWERP.

Asama s—300 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.; 110 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 300 bales cotton, T. H. Moore and Co.; 1,400 cwts castorseed, A. Blaschock and Co.; 3,000 cwts groundnuts, J. Fachiri; 352 cwts linseed, J. C. Bushby and Co.
Haverton s—852 cwts linseed, J. C. Bushby and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Merton Hall s—564 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 3,498 cwts mowdassed, E. D, Sassoon and Co; 500 bales cotton, and 1,000 cwts gingellyseed, J. Fachiri.
St. Regulus s—4,000 cwts wheat and 1,500 cwts gingellyseed, Lang Moir and Co.
Clan MacKenzie s—6,262 cwts wheat, J Fachiri; 4,000 cwts linseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 10 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.
Brocadale, s—9,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Gem, s—125 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 47 tons timber, Volkart Bros; 1,000 cwts mustardseed, F Masotty and Co.

FOR GENOA.

R Rubattino s—3,543 cwts gingelly seed and 4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co; 8,000 cwts wheat, J C Bushby and Co.
St Regulus, s—50 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co.

FOR TORRE DEL ANUNZIATA.

Nedjed, s—12,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

R Rubattino, s—4,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

FOR LEGHORN.

R Rubattino, s—150 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Pandora, s—127 cwts myrabolums, Beyts Craig and Co; 110 bales cotton, The Bo Co, Ld; 220 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.
Medusa, s—110 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 55 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 715 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 660 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Pandora, s—100 bales cotton, The Bo Co, Ld.
Medusa, s—200 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 100 bales cotton, Darst and Co; 250 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Surat, s—16 bales yarn, Tatta and Co.
Bormida, s—210 bales twist, J Campbell and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Bormida, s—100 bales twist, J Campbell and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida, s—225 bales twist, P Rustomji; 200 bales twist, H Moolji; 300 bales twist C Chotalal; 150 tons old iron, R Tyabji and Co.
Surat, s—150 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 25 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co; 45 bales twist, and 25 bales T cloth, Tatta and Co; 190 bales twist and 90 bales cotton, D P Marker; 24 chests opium, D Sassoon and Co; 36 chests opium, N J Abhraham; 11 chests opium, Tatta and Co; 8 chests opium, J Naroji; 32 chests opium, J D Sassoon and Co; 80 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 11 chests opium, J Pearbhai and Co; 13 chests opium, N J Sassoon; 52 chests opium, C Ebhram Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Surat s—108 chests opium and 85 bales twist D. Sassoon and Co; 5 bales T cloth, Tata and Co.
Bormida s—50 bales twist, P Rustomji; 108 bales twist, J. Campbell and Co.

WHILE naval men in this country very naturally point out that the great number of foreigners in the merchant marine lessen the value of that service as a nursery for the national marine, our neighbours in France are raising a somewhat similar complaint. At Bordeaux, Toulon, and Marseilles, an outcry is raised against the employment of foreign hands in the shipbuilding establishments and dockyards. At a meeting held recently to consider the matter, it was stated that out of the 3,000 members of which it was composed upwards of 2,800 were foreigners. No small sensation was also produced when Captain Dupont, the president of the Sailors' Syndicate, afterwards declared that out of the hundred ships which had entered or left the port of Bordeaux during the preceding week only four were French. "We are invaded by the foreigner, both by sea and by land," exclaimed the worthy seaman. If the greatest maritime nations have a real grievance of this sort, it would be interesting to learn what action proves by the business.

AMUSING ANSWERS.

AN article in *Chambers' Journal* quotes some amusing answers, some of which are old but good enough to bear repetition, while others have not been previously published. The law courts have furnished very witty and amusing remarks, lawyers and prisoners alike being guilty on this score.

Doubtless everyone has heard of the Irishman, who, in reply to the question, "Guilty or not guilty?" said "he would like to hear the evidence before he would plead."

A magistrate in another case was dealing with a vagrant, and in a severe tone addressed him thus: "You have been up before me half-a-dozen times this year;" thereby giving him to understand that he had appeared too often on the scene. The prisoner, however, was equal to the occasion, for he replied: "Come, now, judge—none of that. Every time I've been here, I've seen you here. You are here more than I am. People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones."

Curran, the Irish advocate, was one day examining a witness, and failing to get a direct answer, said: "There is no use in asking you questions, for I see the villain in your face."—"Do you, sir?" said the man, with a smile. "Faix, I never knew before that my face was a looking-glass."

On another occasion, he was out walking with a friend who was extremely punctilious in his conversation. The latter, hearing a person near him say curiosity for curiosity, exclaimed: "How that man murders the English language!"—"Not so bad as that," replied Curran; "he has only knocked an 'i' out!"

"Prisoner at the bar," said a judge, "is there anything you would wish to say before sentenced is passed upon you?"—The Prisoner looked towards the door, and remarked that he would like to say "Good-evening if it was agreeable to the company."

"I remember," said Lord Eldon, "Mr. Justice Gould trying a case at York, and when he had proceeded for about two hours, he observed; "Here are only eleven jurymen in the box; where is the twelfth?"—"Please you, my lord," said one of the eleven, "he has gone away about some business; but he has left his verdict with me."

This is almost on a par with a case tried in one of the Lancashire courts, when Sergeant Cross was a resident barrister in that country. The jury having consulted and agreed upon the verdict, were addressed by the clerk of the peace:—"How say you, gentlemen of the jury; do you find for the plaintiff or the defendant?" "What sayn yo? I dunnot understand," said the foreman. "Why, as you have decided, all I want to know is, whether your verdict is for the plaintiff or the defendant?" The foreman was still greatly embarrassed; but he replied: "Why, I rally dunnot know, but were for him as Mester Cross is for!"

Lord Cockburn's looks, tones, language, and manner were always such as to make one think that he believed every word he said. On one occasion, before he was raised to the bench, when defending a murderer, although he failed to convince the judge and jurymen of the innocence of his client, yet he convinced the murderer himself that he was innocent. Sentence of death was pronounced, and the day of execution fixed for, say, January 20. As Lord Cockburn was passing the condemned man, the latter seized him by the gown, saying, "I have not got justice, Mr. Cockburn—I have not got justice." To this the advocate coolly replied: "Perhaps not; but you'll get it on January 20!"

Witty and humorous replies, however, are not confined to law-courts, so we may leave the judges and their satellites, and gather up a few fragments elsewhere.

An Irish recruit, about to be inspected by Frederick the Great, was told that he would be asked these questions; How old are you? How long have you been in the service? Are you content with your pay and rations? He prepared his answers accordingly. It so happened, however, that the king began with the second question: "How long have you been in the service?" Paddy glibly replied, "Twenty years." "Why," said the king, "how old are you?" "Six months."—"Six months!" exclaimed the king; surely either you or I must be mad."—"Yes, both, Your Majesty"—a confession scarcely anticipated by the royal examiner.

A good story is told of a general and his wife, resident in Ireland, who were constantly pestered by a beggar woman to whom they had been very generous. One morning, as the accustomed alms, when the lady was getting into her carriage, the old woman began: "Agh! my lady, success to yer ladyship, and success to your honour's honour, this morning, of all the days in the year, for sure didn't I drame last night that her ladyship gave me a pound of tay, and yer honour gave me a pound of tobacco!" "But, my good woman," said the general, "do you not know that dreams always go by the rule of contrary?" "Do they so, plase yer honour?" rejoined the old woman; "Then it must be yer honour that will give me the tay, and her ladyship that will give me the tobacco."

While dealing with the Emerald Isle, we may be allowed to quote several other equally witty and amusing replies, such as could only proceed from a warm-hearted son of Erin. It is said that when Sir Richard Steele was asked how it happened that his countrymen made so many bulls, he replied: "It is the effect of the climate, sir: if an Englishman were born in Ireland, he would make as many." He was therefore—perhaps intentionally—guilty of making a bull while seeking to explain their origin.

An American and an Irishman were once riding together, and coming across an old gallows by the wayside, Jonathan thought he would have a quiet laugh at Paddy's expense. "You see that, I calculate," said he, pointing to the gallows. "Now where would you be if the gallows had its due?" Paddy replied: "Riding alone."

Another Irishman was observed writing a letter in a very large hand, and when questioned as to why he employed such large characters, replied: "Arrah, dear, an' isn't it to my poor mother I'm writing? An' she is so very deaf that I'm writing her a loud letter."

"Come down this instant!" said the boatswain to a mischievous son of Erin who had been idling in the round-top. "Come down, I say, and I'll give you a good dozen!"—"Troth, sir, and I wouldn't come down if you'd give me two dozen."

Another seafaring Irishman was engaged hauling a rope into a small boat, when the captain of the ship, who was on the poop, ordered him to "bear a hand." The captain then took a turn on deck, but on his return Barney was still working hard at the line. "Why, haven't you reached the end yet?" cried the captain. "No, indeed, master; and, by my soul, I've been looking for the end till I am beginning to think it has got none. I do believe, sir, somebody has cut it off!"

Foote, on his return from a visit to Ireland, was asked if he had seen Cork. "No," he replied: "but when I was in Dublin, I saw a great many *drawings* of it."

Pope, notwithstanding his diminutive and misshapen figure, is said to have been not little susceptible of own personal vanity. One day he asked Swift what people thought of him in Ireland. "Why," said Swift, "they think that you are a very little man, but a very great poet." Pope instantly retorted: "and in England they think of you exactly the reverse."

During the performance of one of Dryden's plays, an actress gave the line,

"My wound is great because it is so small,"

in as moving and affecting a tone as she could, and then paused, looking very distressed. The Duke of Buckingham (Villiers), who was in one of the boxes, rose immediately from his seat and added, in a loud ridiculing tone of voice:

"Then 'twould be greater, were it none at all."

This had such an effect upon the audience that they hissed the actress from the stage.

Prince Albert used to relate how, while at Osborne, he was in the habit of getting up early and walking about his farm. One morning, when passing a farmer's house, he stopped to make some inquiries, knocked at the door, and asked the manservant if is master was in. The servant replied: "He is in, sir, but not down stairs." "Oh, very well," was the Prince's reply; and he was about to leave. "Would you be kind enough to leave your name, sir?" said the servant. "Oh, it does not matter," said the Prince. "Because," continued the servant, "my master would be angry with me if I did not tell him who called." "Very well," said His Royal Highness, "you may say Prince Albert." Upon which the man drew back looked up significantly, put his thumb to the tip of his nose, extended his fingers, and exclaimed, "Walker!"

NEWSPAPER LIBEL BILL.

THE bill for the Amendment of the Law of Libel in the interest of newspaper reporting which was last year brought in by Sir Algernoon Borthwick and other members of Parliament connected more or less directly with the press, had been reintroduced this year. It bears the names, in addition to that of Sir A. Borthwick, of Sir Albert Rollit and Mr. Jennings, who represent the present parliamentary majority; while Mr. Lawson, Dr. Cameron, Mr. John Morley, and Mr. E Dwyer Gray stand sponsors for it in the Liberal interest. Judged by the merits of the bill, its prospects of success should be equally good. Its general scope may described as an enlargement of the doctrine of privileged publication to include all fair and accurate reports of the proceedings at any public meeting or meeting of an official or public body, a simplification of the proceedings in defence in a libel action, and a limitation of the amount recoverable as damages to the amount of the injury which a plaintiff can show that he has actually sustained. This is manifestly the barest justice to the London newspaper proprietors and it is not very creditable to British jurisprudence that the law should still at this date stand in the need of amendment to bring it into tolerable accord with the public conscience. Yet so it is, and we are even now dependent upon the enterprise and success of half a dozen private members of Parliament for this most necessary boon. We cordially wish them a prosperous issue to their undertaking.—*Lancet.*

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

A NOVEL RAILROAD.

A NEW railway, ten miles in length, running from Listowel to Ballybunion, county Kerry, was recently opened. It has been constructed on what is called the Lartigue single-rail system. A correspondent of the *Daily News* says that the first impression which the railway gives to a spectator is that it is a very substantial wire-fence. It is about 3 ft. 6 in. in height, the top rail, which bears all the weight of the train, being about 2 in. wide. Springing downwards from this on each side are two iron supports, forming, as it were, a capital letter A, or rather an inverted letter V. These are fastened to iron sleepers at a distance from each other of about 20 in., the sleepers themselves extending about 10 in. on either side, and being so formed that when the road is firm they become embedded in the ground that no other sleepers are required. In other parts where the permanent way is less solid, wooden sleepers, 6 ft. wide, have been laid, into which the iron sleepers are fastened with bolts. A guiding-rail passes along each side of the trestles at a uniform distance of about 2 ft. These side-rails bear no weight, but are merely extended to balance the rolling-stock, which it will be perceived is of a very novel and very peculiar construction. A spectator looking at the engines, the tenders, the carriages, the wagons, and the trucks, is struck by the fact that no wheels are visible, and it is only upon a close inspection of what may be called the centre of the engines, carriages, etc., that wheels can be seen at all. The bogeis on which the entire weight of the engine or carriages hang are in the centre, and practically divide the carriage or engine into halves. These wheels are necessarily placed well up in the centre of the carriage. Although the single rail upon which they run is about 3 ft. 6 in. above the level of the permanent way, the floor of the carriages proper is only six or eight inches above the ground. Perhaps the best idea of the way in which the carriages are attached to the top rails will be conveyed by saying that the two sides of the carriages rest on it—or rather, on the framework above the centre wheels—and hang over on each side like the panniers of a saddle on a donkey. The siderails serve as guiding rails, their other practical purpose being to balance the carriage on the centre rails.

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Hong. and Shang. & Corporation	11,000	100	all	17½ do.	249
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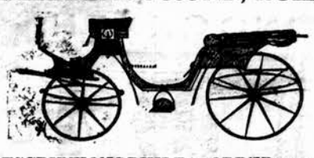

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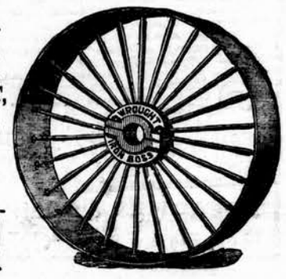

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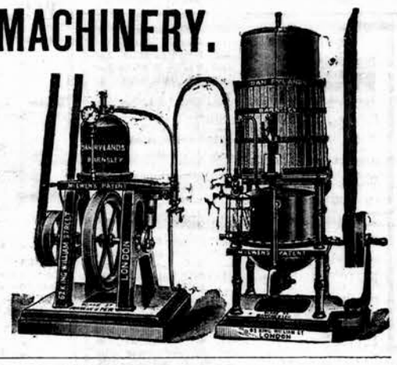

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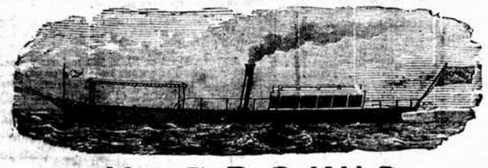

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GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows :—

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WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

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The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.

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Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

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